

# MISSION: Serving agriculture and rural America.

# A Message From The CEO & Board Chair

If there are unifying themes for AgCountry Farm Credit Services in 2022 it is change and business evolution. There is no question that we experienced quite a bit of change and transformation throughout the year. On January 1, 2022, we successfully brought together two organizations. None of this could have been accomplished without the hard work of our staff and the support of our member-owners.

A merger is not a small undertaking. It is, however, easier to accomplish when everyone shares a common goal, vision, and purpose. At AgCountry, we exist to serve agriculture and rural America. In the true cooperative spirit, we strive to be your destination for success. The decisions we make are done so with the purpose of providing greater value to our patrons. When our members succeed, the cooperative succeeds.

If a business or individual does not evolve, you run the risk of falling behind. The business evolution we focus on comes in the form of changing mindsets and finding new ways of operating.

Prior to our merger, both of our associations were strong. Together, we became even stronger. It did not take very long before the benefits started to present themselves. In 2022, we declared a record cash dividend of \$83.5 million while witnessing record loan growth. We are able to accomplish this through greater resources provided by our merger. When you do business with AgCountry, you can be assured that you will be dealing with people who understand agriculture and will provide customized financial solutions for your farm, ranch, agribusiness, or rural lifestyle.

Going forward, we will continue to seek out new ways of providing greater value to our members. That could come in the form of new technology, additional staffing, more educational opportunities,



Greg Sabolik
AgCountry Farm Credit Services
Board Chair



Marcus L. Knisely
President and
Chief Executive Officer

or streamlined services. The success we witnessed in 2022 is just the beginning. Your cooperative is well-positioned to handle any market or economic environment we may find ourselves in.

We have a lot to be thankful for when reflecting upon 2022. A special thank you goes out to the more than 700 employees who make AgCountry a special place to work and do business with. Your time, talents, and dedication are much appreciated. Likewise, we would like to thank our patrons. We know you have many options when it comes to fulfilling your business needs. Thank you for allowing us to help you accomplish your financial goals. Finally, we want to thank all of our business partners within the Farm Credit System.

Sincerely,

Greg Sabolik, Board Chair
AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

Marcus L. Knisely
President and CEO

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

# **AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA**

CONSOLIDATED FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY OF SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	2
REPORT OF MANAGEMENT	11
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING	12
REPORT OF AUDIT COMMITTEE	13
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	14
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	16
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
DISCLOSURE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY REGULATIONS	
OUR COMMITMENT TO SERVE YOUNG, BEGINNING, AND SMALL FARMERS AND RANCHERS	46

# CONSOLIDATED FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY OF SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

(dollars in thousands)

As of December 31	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Condensed Statement of Condition Data					
Loans	\$ 11,644,302	\$ 9,103,774	\$ 8,472,145	\$ 7,774,194	\$ 7,249,804
Allowance for loan losses	30,068	22,946	22,344	26,974	17,796
Net loans	11,614,234	9,080,828	8,449,801	7,747,220	7,232,008
Investment in AgriBank, FCB	336,682	227,709	212,294	201,655	184,727
Other assets	288,619	224,795	207,427	232,650	224,451
Total assets	\$ 12,239,535	\$ 9,533,332	\$ 8,869,522	\$ 8,181,525	\$ 7,641,186
Obligations with maturities of one year or less	\$ 221,083	\$ 141,150	\$ 135,630	\$ 135,314	\$ 117,311
Obligations with maturities greater than one year	9,521,014	7,379,556	6,830,857	6,246,387	5,820,678
Total liabilities	9,742,097	7,520,706	6,966,487	6,381,701	5,937,989
Capital stock and participation certificates	13,144	11,755	11,936	12,151	12,587
Capital stock and participation certificates receivable	(13,144)	(11,755)	(11,936)		
Additional paid-in capital	662,638	304,385	304,385	304,385	304,385
Unallocated surplus	1,843,363	1,718,268	1,608,312	1,488,700	1,390,854
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(8,563)	(10,027)	(9,662)	(5,412)	(4,629)
Total members' equity	2,497,438	2,012,626	1,903,035	1,799,824	1,703,197
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 12,239,535	\$ 9,533,332	\$ 8,869,522	\$ 8,181,525	\$ 7,641,186
For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Condensed Statement of Income Data					
Net interest income	\$ 279,942	\$ 210,704	\$ 206,603	\$ 194,300	\$ 197,240
Provision for credit losses	4,946	974	(2,754)	11,553	2,470
Other expenses, net	66,487	32,274	25,695	24,901	24,664
Net income	\$ 208,509	\$ 177,456	\$ 183,662	\$ 157,846	\$ 170,106
Key Financial Ratios					
For the Year					
Return on average assets	1.8%	2.0%	2.2%	2.0%	2.3%
Return on average members' equity	8.6%	9.1%	10.0%	9.0%	10.4%
Net interest income as a percentage of average earning assets	2.5%	2.4%	2.5%	2.6%	2.7%
Net (recoveries) charge-offs as a percentage of average loans  At Year End	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	20.4%	21.1%	21.5%	22.0%	22.3%
Members' equity as a percentage of total assets  Allowance for loan losses as a percentage of loans	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.2%
Common equity tier 1 ratio	16.6%	17.6%	18.1%	18.6%	18.2%
Tier 1 capital ratio	16.6%	17.6%	18.1%	18.6%	18.2%
Total capital ratio	16.8%	17.0%	18.4%	18.9%	18.5%
Permanent capital ratio	16.6%	17.7%	18.1%	18.6%	18.3%
Tier 1 leverage ratio	19.2%	20.3%	20.4%	20.8%	20.5%
Net Income Distributed					
Patronage distributions payable to members <sup>1</sup>	\$ 83,500	\$ 67,500	\$ 64,050	\$ 60,000	\$ 42,500

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The patronage distribution to members accrued for the year ended December 31, 2022, is distributed in cash during the first quarter of 2023. The patronage distributions accrued for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2018, were distributed in cash during the first quarter of the subsequent year.

The merger between AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (AgCountry) and Farm Credit Services of North Dakota, ACA (FCS ND) was effective January 1, 2022. The effects of the merger with FCS ND are included in our financial position and results of operations beginning January 1, 2022. Prior year results have not been restated to reflect the impact of the merger.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

The following commentary reviews the consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operations of AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (the Association) and its subsidiaries, AgCountry Farm Credit Services, FLCA and AgCountry Farm Credit Services, PCA and provides additional specific information. The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements also contain important information about our financial condition and results of operations.

The Farm Credit System (System) is a federally chartered network of borrower-owned lending institutions comprised of cooperatives and related service organizations, established by Congress to meet the credit needs of American agriculture. As of January 1, 2023, the System consisted of three Farm Credit Banks, one Agricultural Credit Bank, and 61 borrower-owned cooperative lending institutions (associations). The System serves all 50 states, Washington D.C., and Puerto Rico. This network of financial cooperatives is owned and governed by the rural customers the System serves.

AgriBank, FCB (AgriBank), a System Farm Credit Bank, and its District associations are collectively referred to as the AgriBank Farm Credit District (AgriBank District or the District). We are an Association in the District.

The Farm Credit Administration (FCA) is authorized by Congress to regulate the System. The Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation (FCSIC) administers the Farm Credit Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund). The Insurance Fund is used to ensure the timely payment of principal and interest on Systemwide debt obligations, to ensure the retirement of protected borrower capital at par or stated value, and for other specified purposes.

Due to the nature of our financial relationship with AgriBank, the financial condition and results of operations of AgriBank materially impact our members' investment. To request free copies of AgriBank financial reports, contact us at:

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA Post Office Box 6020 Fargo, ND 58108-6020 (855) 402-7849 www.agcountry.com AgriBank, FCB 30 East 7th Street, Suite 1600 St. Paul, MN 55101 (651) 282-8800 www.AgriBank.com FinancialReporting@AgriBank.com

Our Annual Report is available on our website no later than 75 days after the end of the calendar year and members are provided a copy of such report no later than 90 days after the end of the calendar year. The Quarterly Reports are available on our website no later than 40 days after the end of each calendar quarter. To request free copies of our Annual or Quarterly Reports, contact us as stated above.

# MERGER ACTIVITY

The merger between AgCountry and FCS ND was effective January 1, 2022. The merged entity, AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA, is headquartered in Fargo, ND. The merged entity now serves over 25,000 customers in 82 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, and Wisconsin, and has assets over \$12.2 billion.

The effects of the merger with FCS ND are included in our financial position, results of operations, equity, and related metrics beginning January 1, 2022. Prior year results have not been restated to reflect the impact of the merger. Upon the closing of the merger, assets increased by \$1.5 billion (including loans of \$1.4 billion), liabilities increased by \$1.1 billion, and members' equity increased by \$359.6 million. These amounts include adjustments to fair value, as required by accounting standards for business combinations.

# FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Annual Report includes forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "may", "expect", "intend", "outlook", and similar expressions are used to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements reflect our current views with respect to future events. However, actual results may differ materially from our expectations due to a number of risks and uncertainties beyond our control. The information in this report is based on current knowledge and is subject to many risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to:

- Political (including trade policies, environmental policies, and civil unrest), legal, regulatory, financial markets, and economic conditions, or other conditions and developments in the United States (U.S.) and abroad
- · Length and severity of an epidemic or pandemic
- Economic fluctuations in the agricultural, international, rural, and farm-related business sectors
- Weather-related, disease, and other adverse climatic or biological conditions that periodically occur and can impact agricultural productivity and income
- Changes in U.S. government support of the agricultural industry (including government support payments) and the System as a government-sponsored enterprise, as well as investor and rating agency reactions to events involving the U.S. government, other government-sponsored enterprises, and other financial institutions
- Actions taken by the Federal Reserve System in implementing monetary policy
- Cybersecurity risks, including a failure or breach of our operational or security systems or infrastructure, or those of our third-party vendors or other service providers
- Credit, interest rate, and liquidity risks inherent in our lending activities

- Disruptive technologies impacting the banking and financial services industries or implemented by our competitors which negatively impact our ability to compete in the marketplace
- · Changes in our assumptions for determining the allowance for credit losses and fair value measurements
- Industry outlooks for agricultural conditions
- Changes in interest rate indices utilized in our lending

#### AGRICULTURAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The Nation moved from an improving economic outlook at the end of 2021 to a year of financial market volatility fueled by the Russia-Ukraine conflict, systemic inflationary pressure, and continued supply chain disruption. The Federal Open Market Committee aggressively increased interest rates throughout 2022 as they attempted to curb inflation, and with a stated intent to bring inflation back to 2.0%. The federal funds rate increased a total of 4.25% in 2022, including four consecutive increases of 0.75% each. While Gross Domestic Product (GDP) met the general definition of a recession early in 2022, other indicators such as employment, real income, and production offset declines in GDP, and the National Bureau of Economic Research did not officially declare the U.S. in a recession. A recession remains a possibility in 2023, according to Moody's Analytics.

Over the last 12 months, the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for all items increased 7.1%. Food and fuel are the largest contributors to the increase in CPI, with food prices increasing 10.6% over the past year and energy prices increasing 13.1%. While the rate of inflation appears to be slowing, additional rate increases are expected in 2023 with a high probability the federal funds rate will reach 5.0%. In addition to rate increases, the Federal Reserve will continue to reduce its holdings of treasury securities, agency debt, and agency mortgage-backed securities to help slow the economy.

In December 2022, the unemployment rate declined slightly to 3.5% while the number of unemployed declined to 5.7 million, and total non-farm employment rose by 223,000 jobs in December 2022. The number of unemployed in December 2022 was at the same level as the number of unemployed in February 2020. Full employment is defined as a 3.5% unemployment rate and 62.5% labor force participation rate; the participation rate in December 2022 was 62.3%. Moody's Analytics expects weaker job growth in 2023 will cause the unemployment rate to increase over the next 12 to 15 months.

AgCountry pays close attention to global, national, and local events, and assesses the impact of those events on our customers and our cooperative as we fulfill our mission to serve agriculture and rural America. Despite the current volatile rate environment, AgCountry consistently helps customers succeed by providing constructive credit and financial services products.

AgCountry serves a broad range of commodities and agricultural industries across its three-state territory and participates with other Farm Credit institutions in credit delivery across the Nation. The summaries below provide a high-level overview of conditions and outlook for the primary commodities in our local service area. See www.agcountry.com/resources for a more comprehensive discussion of current economic conditions and the impact on commodities.

#### **Specific Production Conditions**

**Corn:** Markets are off their summer highs for both old and new crop, but still holding higher than year-end 2021. The fertilizer market has been volatile in 2022 with global disruption, but the market seems to be covering many of the increases. Markets continue to watch upcoming United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) reports, world exports, and the planting season for South America's second-season crop.

Soybeans: Old crop soybean markets remain strong with a slight upward trend finishing out the year. Basis in the area is also strong, encouraging local cash sales of any unpriced crop. While new crop is a dollar lower, the market continues to watch South American weather and production, keeping an eye on upcoming reports by the USDA.

Wheat: The wheat market has softened since its planting season highs but is still holding higher than the start of 2021. Winter wheat areas continue to be dry, and the markets will be watching how the crop comes out of dormancy this spring. The markets will also be watching spring wheat plantings as those stocks continue to remain tighter than recent years.

**Sugar Beets:** With a slight decrease in U.S. production, there has been a small increase in imports from Mexico. Our total supply is still about one percent less than last year despite the projected increase in imports. Harvest was dry and temperatures were adequate for most of the season.

Dairy: Milk production numbers have remained strong, and reduction in cheese exports to Europe has freed up some supply and dropped the price. Class III futures in the first quarter of 2023 have dropped from the rally late in fourth quarter of 2022. The increased input costs and softening Class III milk price has resulted in a price point below the average cost of production for many producers. A combination of winter weather, increase in cull rates, and lack of available heifers may cause production to slip and supply to tighten.

#### **LOAN PORTFOLIO**

# **Loan Portfolio**

Total loans were \$11.6 billion at December 31, 2022, an increase of \$2.5 billion from December 31, 2021.

#### Components of Loans

(in thousands)

As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Accrual loans:			
Real estate mortgage	\$ 4,625,358	\$ 3,931,084	\$ 3,651,393
Production and intermediate-term	2,686,784	2,103,272	2,053,150
Agribusiness	3,015,229	2,253,251	2,029,271
Other	1,292,071	804,792	723,982
Nonaccrual loans	 24,860	11,375	14,349
Total loans	\$ 11,644,302	\$ 9,103,774	\$ 8,472,145

The other category is primarily composed of rural infrastructure related loans.

Total loans increased from December 31, 2021, as a result of both the merger with FCS ND, which added approximately \$1.4 billion in loans, and \$1.1 billion growth from ongoing business operations.

We have sold to AgriBank participation interests in certain loans as part of pool programs. The total outstanding participation interests in these programs were \$511.1 million, \$375.8 million, and \$435.2 million at December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Typically, our production and intermediate-term loan portfolio exhibits some seasonality relating to patterns of operating loans made to crop producers. These loans are normally at their lowest levels following the harvest and then increase in the spring and throughout the rest of the year as borrowers fund operating needs. Borrower tax planning strategies resulted in an increase of production and intermediate-term loans at the end of the year, which are generally followed by sharp pay-downs the following year.

We offer variable, fixed, indexed, and adjustable interest rate loans to our borrowers. We determine interest margins charged on each lending program based on cost of funds, credit risk, market conditions, and the need to generate sufficient earnings.

Throughout this Annual Report, there may be references to loan volume which is defined as loan principal plus accrued interest receivable.

#### Portfolio Distribution

We are chartered to serve thirty-five counties in Minnesota, thirty-five counties in North Dakota, and twelve counties in Wisconsin. Based upon volume, approximately 27.7%, 25.8%, and 5.8% of our loans are to borrowers in the states of Minnesota, North Dakota, and Wisconsin, respectively as of December 31, 2022. We purchase the remainder of our portfolio outside of Minnesota, North Dakota, and Wisconsin to support rural America and to diversify our portfolio risk.

#### **Agricultural Concentrations**

As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Cash grains	44.0%	45.7%	45.9%
Livestock	7.5%	6.8%	7.0%
Sugar beets	7.2%	9.0%	9.2%
Dairy	6.8%	7.6%	7.4%
Fertilizer and farm supply	6.0%	5.3%	6.1%
Food and beverage	4.7%	4.3%	3.1%
Rural electric and utilities	4.6%	3.7%	3.9%
Forestry	4.4%	4.2%	3.8%
Other	14.8%	13.4%	13.6%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Commodities are based on the borrower's primary intended commodity at the time of loan origination and may change due to borrower business decisions as a result of changes in weather patterns, commodity prices, input costs, and other circumstances.

#### **Portfolio Credit Quality**

The credit quality of our portfolio remained stable from December 31, 2021. Adversely classified loans increased slightly to 1.5% of the portfolio at December 31, 2022, from 1.4% of the portfolio at December 31, 2021. Adversely classified loans are loans we have identified as showing some credit weakness according to our credit standards. We have considered portfolio credit quality in assessing the reasonableness of our allowance for loan losses. Additional credit quality information is included in Note 3 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

In certain circumstances, the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac) and other government agency guarantee programs are used to reduce the risk of loss. At December 31, 2022, \$339.1 million of our loans were substantially guaranteed under these government programs.

Components of Risk Assets			
(dollars in thousands) As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Loans:			
Nonaccrual	\$ 24,860 \$	11,375 \$	14,349
Accruing restructured	4,426	2,322	1,982
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	 	1,427	2,097
Total risk loans	29,286	15,124	18,428
Other property owned	 		
Total risk assets	\$ 29,286 \$	15,124 \$	18,428
Total risk loans as a percentage of total loans	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Nonaccrual loans as a percentage of total loans	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%
Current nonaccrual loans as a percentage of total nonaccrual loans	80.4%	56.8%	34.3%
Total delinquencies as a percentage of total loans	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

Our risk assets have increased from December 31, 2021 and have remained at acceptable levels. Risk loans as a percentage of total loans were well within our established risk management guidelines.

The increase in nonaccrual loans was primarily due to moving a loan to nonaccrual. Nonaccrual loans remained at an acceptable level at December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020.

#### Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is an estimate of losses on loans inherent in our portfolio as of the financial statement date. We determine the appropriate level of allowance for loan losses based on the periodic evaluation of factors such as loan loss history, estimated probability of default, estimated loss severity, portfolio quality, and current economic and environmental conditions.

#### Allowance Coverage Ratios

As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Allowance as a percentage of:			
Loans	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Nonaccrual loans	120.9%	201.7%	155.7%
Total risk loans	102.7%	151.7%	121.3%
Net (recoveries) charge-offs as a percentage of average loans	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	0.0%
Adverse assets to capital and allowance for loan losses	6.8%	6.1%	7.0%

In our opinion, the allowance for loan losses was reasonable in relation to the risk in our loan portfolio at December 31, 2022.

Effective January 1, 2023, we adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-13 "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" (CECL). This guidance established a single allowance framework for all financial assets measured at amortized cost and certain off-balance sheet credit exposures, and replaced the incurred loss guidance. This framework requires that management's estimate reflects credit losses over the asset's remaining expected life and considers expected future changes in macroeconomic conditions. The allowance for credit losses comprises the allowance for credit losses on loans and the allowance for unfunded commitments.

After adoption of this guidance, the allowance for credit losses takes into consideration relevant information about past events, current conditions, and macroeconomic forecasts of future conditions. Multiple economic scenarios are considered over a reasonable and supportable forecast period, after which, the framework incorporates historical loss experience. Final loss estimates also consider factors affecting credit losses not reflected in the scenarios, due to the unique aspects of current conditions and expectations. These factors may include, but are not limited to, lending policies, portfolio concentrations, regulatory guidance, and/or lags in economic forecast information.

As a result of adoption of this guidance, the allowance for loan losses decreased by \$15.0 million and the reserve for unfunded decreased by \$1.1 million. The decrease in the allowance for loan losses is due to a combination of factors, including updated loss rates based on Association experience, calculating estimated credit losses based on the assets' contractual maturities, and amortization rates. Additional information related to the adoption of this new guidance is included in Note 2 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

Additional loan information is included in Notes 3, 9, 10, and 11 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

# **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

#### **Profitability Information**

(dollars in thousands)

For the year ended December 31	2022			2020	
Net income	\$ 208,509	\$	177,456	\$ 183,662	
Return on average assets	1.8%		2.0%	2.2%	
Return on average members' equity	8.6%		9.1%	10.0%	

Changes presented in the profitability information chart relate directly to:

- Changes in income discussed in this section
- Changes in assets discussed in the Loan Portfolio section.
- Changes in capital discussed in the Capital Adequacy section

#### Changes in Significant Components of Net Income

	 For the yea	r ended Decen	Inc	rease (decrease)	in net income	
(in thousands)	 2022	2021	2020	2	022 vs 2021	2021 vs 2020
Net interest income	\$ 279,942 \$	210,704	\$ 206,603	\$	69,238 \$	4,101
Provision for credit losses	4,946	974	(2,754)		(3,972)	(3,728)
Non-interest income	115,259	101,795	96,191		13,464	5,604
Non-interest expense	181,425	133,660	121,762		(47,765)	(11,898)
Provision for income taxes	 321	409	124		88	(285)
Net income	\$ 208,509 \$	177,456	\$ 183,662	\$	31,053 \$	(6,206)

#### **Net Interest Income**

#### **Changes in Net Interest Income**

(in thousands)

For the year ended December 31	20	22 vs 2021	20	21 vs 2020
Changes in volume	\$	57,284	\$	13,230
Changes in interest rates		11,851		(7,454)
Changes in nonaccrual income and other		103		(1,675)
Net change	\$	69,238	\$	4,101

The increase in net interest income was due to increased loan volume as a result of the merger with FCS ND and growth in the portfolio.

Net interest income included income on nonaccrual loans that totaled \$1.2 million, \$1.1 million, and \$2.8 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Nonaccrual interest income is recognized when received in cash, collection of the recorded investment is fully expected, and prior charge-offs have been recovered.

Net interest margin (net interest income as a percentage of average earning assets) was 2.5%, 2.4%, and 2.5% in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Our net interest margin is sensitive to interest rate changes and competition.

### Non-Interest Income

The change in non-interest income was primarily due to increases in patronage income and financially related services income.

Patronage Income: We may receive patronage from AgriBank and other Farm Credit institutions. Patronage distributions from AgriBank and other Farm Credit institutions are declared solely at the discretion of each institution's Board of Directors. AgriBank may distribute patronage in the form of cash or stock. All other patronage from other Farm Credit institutions is typically distributed in cash.

#### Patronage Income

2022		2021		2020
\$ 58,372 714	\$	49,851 	\$	50,019 
 526		378		569
\$ 59,612	\$	50,229	\$	50,588
\$ 23,637	\$	44,219	\$	50,588
 35,975		6,010		
\$ 59,612	\$	50,229	\$	50,588
\$	\$ 58,372 714 526 \$ 59,612 \$ 23,637 35,975	\$ 58,372 \$ 714 526 \$ 59,612 \$ \$ 23,637 \$ 35,975	\$ 58,372 \$ 49,851 714 526 378 \$ 59,612 \$ 50,229 \$ 23,637 \$ 44,219 35,975 6,010	\$ 58,372 \$ 49,851 \$ 714 526 378 \$ 59,612 \$ 50,229 \$ \$ \$ 35,975 6,010

Patronage from AgriBank primarily includes wholesale patronage and pool program patronage. See the Relationship with AgriBank section for further discussion on patronage income. In addition, see the Unincorporated Business Entities subsection (within the Other Relationships and Programs section) for further discussion on AgDirect, LLP and the partnership distribution.

Financially Related Services Income: The increase in financially related services income was primarily due to the merger with FCS ND.

#### **Non-Interest Expense**

Components of Non-interest Expense (dollars in thousands) For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expense:	\$ 98,993	\$ 76,927	\$ 74,329
Purchased and vendor services	18,231	15,283	15,209
Communications	1,845	2,018	1,375
Occupancy and equipment	14,967	11,326	11,393
Advertising and promotion	10,411	3,131	2,688
Examination	3,541	2,758	2,426
Farm Credit System insurance	17,671	10,993	6,328
Other	13,081	9,195	7,463
Other non-interest expense	 2,685	2,029	551
Total non-interest expense	\$ 181,425	\$ 133,660	\$ 121,762
Operating rate	 1.6%	1.5%	1.5%

The change in non-interest expense was primarily due to increases in operating expenses due to the merger, year-end donations to further agricultural education and innovation, and increased Farm Credit System insurance expense.

The Farm Credit System insurance expense increased in 2022 primarily due to an increase in the Insurance Fund premium rate on Systemwide adjusted insured debt. The premium rate, which is primarily impacted by System growth, was 20 basis points for 2022, compared to 16 basis points for 2021. The FCSIC has announced premiums will be 18 basis points for 2023. The FCSIC Board meets periodically throughout the year to review premium rates and has the ability to change these rates at any time. See Note 1 for additional information on the Insurance Fund.

# **FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY**

We borrow from AgriBank, under a note payable, in the form of a line of credit, as described in Note 5 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. This line of credit is our primary source of liquidity and is used to fund operations and meet current obligations. At December 31, 2022, we had \$2.0 billion available under our line of credit. We generally apply excess cash to this line of credit. Due to the cooperative structure of the Farm Credit System and as we are a stockholder of AgriBank, we expect this borrowing relationship to continue into the foreseeable future. Our other source of lendable funds is from equity.

# Note Payable Information

(dollars in thousands) For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020
Average balance	\$ 8,963,958 \$	6,972,990 \$	6,576,819
Average interest rate	2.0%	1.2%	1.6%

Our average cost of funds is variable and may fluctuate based on the current interest rate environment.

ICE Benchmark Administration (the entity responsible for calculating the London Inter-bank Offer Rate (LIBOR)) ceased the publication of the one-week and two-month USD LIBOR settings immediately following the LIBOR publication on December 31, 2021 and has announced it intends to cease publication of the remaining USD LIBOR settings immediately following the LIBOR publication on June 30, 2023. It is widely anticipated that the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) published by the CME group will generally be the fallback to LIBOR.

The repricing attributes of our line of credit generally correspond to the repricing attributes of our loan portfolio, which significantly reduces our market interest rate risk. However, we maintain some exposure to interest rates, including LIBOR, primarily from loans to customers which may not have a component of our line of credit with an exact repricing attribute. With limited exceptions in accordance with FCA guidance, we have ceased issuing new loans indexed to LIBOR and all remaining loans indexed to LIBOR have appropriate fallback language.

The Farm Credit System has established a LIBOR transition workgroup to provide leadership in addressing the LIBOR phase-out across System entities. In coordination with this group, we have developed a comprehensive project plan to address the issues surrounding a transition away from LIBOR. This plan is consistent with regulatory guidance from the FCA, and it incorporates actions to address risk identification and reporting, mitigation strategies, development or adoption of products utilizing alternative reference rates, operational and system impacts, a process for monitoring regulatory and industry developments, as well as communication to stakeholders. While many factors can impact our net interest income, we do not expect a significant impact due to the LIBOR transition at this time.

We have entered into a Standby Commitment to Purchase Agreement with Farmer Mac to help manage credit risk. If a loan covered by the agreement goes into default, subject to certain conditions, we have the right to sell the loan to Farmer Mac. This agreement remains in place until the loan is paid in full. The guaranteed principal of loans subject to the purchase agreement was \$89.8 million, \$99.3 million, and \$111.9 million at December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. We paid Farmer Mac commitment fees totaling \$0.3 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.4 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. These amounts are included in "Other operating expense" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. No loans have been sold to Farmer Mac under this agreement during 2022, 2021, or 2020.

#### **CAPITAL ADEQUACY**

Total members' equity was \$2.5 billion, \$2.0 billion, and \$1.9 billion at December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Total members' equity increased \$484.8 million from December 31, 2021, due to capital of \$359.6 million acquired through the merger with FCS ND and net income for the period reduced by patronage accruals. Effective January 1, 2023, we adopted the CECL accounting guidance. The adoption of this guidance will result in a cumulative effect adjustment to equity at January 1, 2023. Refer to Note 2 for additional information regarding the CECL adoption and cumulative effect adjustment to equity.

The FCA Regulations require us to maintain minimums for our common equity tier 1 (CET1), tier 1 capital, total capital, and permanent capital risk-based capital ratios. In addition, the FCA requires us to maintain minimums for our non-risk-adjusted ratios of tier 1 leverage and unallocated retained earnings and equivalents leverage. Effective January 1, 2022, the FCA Regulations slightly modified the calculation of the unallocated retained earnings and equivalents leverage ratio to include certain additional deductions. The modification did not have a material impact on this ratio.

#### **Regulatory Capital Requirements and Ratios**

				Capital	
			Regulatory	Conservation	
2022	2021	2020	Minimums	Buffer	Total
16.6%	17.6%	18.1%	4.5%	2.5%	7.0%
16.6%	17.6%	18.1%	6.0%	2.5%	8.5%
16.8%	17.9%	18.4%	8.0%	2.5%	10.5%
16.6%	17.7%	18.1%	7.0%	N/A	7.0%
19.2%	20.3%	20.4%	4.0%	1.0%	5.0%
19.2%	21.6%	21.7%	1.5%	N/A	1.5%
	16.6% 16.8% 16.6% 19.2%	16.6% 17.6% 16.6% 17.6% 16.8% 17.9% 16.6% 17.7% 20.3%	16.6%       17.6%       18.1%         16.6%       17.6%       18.1%         16.8%       17.9%       18.4%         16.6%       17.7%       18.1%         19.2%       20.3%       20.4%	2022         2021         2020         Minimums           16.6%         17.6%         18.1%         4.5%           16.6%         17.6%         18.1%         6.0%           16.8%         17.9%         18.4%         8.0%           16.6%         17.7%         18.1%         7.0%           19.2%         20.3%         20.4%         4.0%	2022         2021         Regulatory Minimums         Conservation Buffer           16.6%         17.6%         18.1%         4.5%         2.5%           16.6%         17.6%         18.1%         6.0%         2.5%           16.8%         17.9%         18.4%         8.0%         2.5%           16.6%         17.7%         18.1%         7.0%         N/A           19.2%         20.3%         20.4%         4.0%         1.0%

Our capital plan is designed to maintain an adequate amount of surplus and allowance for loan losses which represents our reserve for adversity prior to impairment of stock. We manage our capital to allow us to meet member needs and protect member interests, both now and in the future.

Capital ratios are directly impacted by changes in capital, assets, and off-balance sheet commitments. Refer to the Loan Portfolio section for further discussion of the changes in assets. Additional information on regulatory ratios and members' equity information is included in Note 6 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and information on off-balance sheet commitments is included in Note 10 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

In addition to these regulatory requirements, we establish an optimum CET1 target range. This target allows us to maintain a capital base adequate for future growth and investment in new products and services. The target range is subject to revision as circumstances change. Our optimum CET1 target range is 14% to 16%, as defined in our 2023 capital plan.

If the capital ratios fall below the total requirements, including the buffer amounts, capital distributions (equity redemptions, dividends, and patronage) and discretionary senior executive bonuses are restricted or prohibited without prior FCA approval. We do not foresee any events that would result in this prohibition in 2023.

# **RELATIONSHIP WITH AGRIBANK**

#### **Borrowing**

We borrow from AgriBank to fund our lending operations in accordance with the Farm Credit Act. Approval from AgriBank is required for us to borrow elsewhere. A General Financing Agreement (GFA), as described in Note 5 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements, governs this lending relationship.

The components of cost of funds under the GFA include:

- A marginal cost of debt component
- A spread component, which includes cost of servicing, cost of liquidity, and bank profit
- A risk premium component, if applicable

In the periods presented, we were not subject to the risk premium component. Certain factors may impact our cost of funds, which primarily include market interest rate changes impacting marginal cost of debt as well as changes to pricing methodologies impacting the spread components described above.

The marginal cost of debt approach simulates matching the cost of underlying debt with similar terms as the anticipated terms of our loans to borrowers. This approach substantially protects us from market interest rate risk. We may occasionally engage in funding strategies that result in limited interest rate risk with approval by AgriBank's Asset/Liability Committee.

#### Investment

We are required to invest in AgriBank capital stock as a condition of borrowing. This investment may be in the form of purchased stock or stock representing distributed AgriBank surplus. As of December 31, 2022, we were required by AgriBank to maintain an investment equal to 2.55% of the average quarterly balance of our note payable. The required investment increased to 3.0% for 2023.

We are also required to hold additional investment in AgriBank based on contractual agreements under pool programs.

As an AgDirect, LLP partnering Association, we are required to purchase stock in AgDirect, which purchases an equivalent amount of stock in AgriBank.

# Patronage

AgriBank's capital plan is intended to provide for adequate capital at AgriBank under capital regulations as well as to create a path to long-term capital optimization within the AgriBank District. The plan optimizes capital at AgriBank; distributing available AgriBank earnings in the form of patronage, either cash or AgriBank stock, which is at the sole discretion of the AgriBank Board of Directors. The plan is designed to maintain capital adequacy such that sufficient earnings will be retained in the form of unallocated retained earnings and allocated stock to meet the leverage ratio target and other regulatory or policy constraints prior to any cash patronage distributions.

#### **Purchased Services**

As of December 31, 2022, we purchased certain business services from AgriBank. Additional related party information is included in Note 9 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Impact on Members' Investment

Due to the nature of our financial relationship with AgriBank, the financial condition and results of operations of AgriBank materially impact our members' investment.

#### OTHER RELATIONSHIPS AND PROGRAMS

#### **Relationships with Other Farm Credit Institutions**

**AgCountry Capital Markets:** We have participation relationships with associations across the Farm Credit System. AgCountry may serve as lead lender or facilitating agent for these participations in loans to eligible borrowers. Each participating association makes an independent credit decision to purchase these loans based on the association's capacity and preferences.

**ProPartners Financial:** We participate in ProPartners Financial (ProPartners) with certain Farm Credit institutions to provide producer financing through agribusinesses that sell crop inputs. ProPartners is directed by representatives from participating associations. We sell to AgriBank our entire interest in the loans associated with ProPartners. As part of this program we receive patronage income at the sole discretion of the AgriBank Board of Directors.

**Agri-Access:** We participate in the Agri-Access pool program which focuses on providing financing for agricultural real estate loans and leases through a network of non-Farm Credit lenders across the U.S. The program is facilitated by another AgriBank District association where all loans and leases in the program are originated and serviced. We pay the facilitating association fees to originate and service the loans. We sell to AgriBank our entire interest in the loans associated with Agri-Access. As part of this program we receive patronage income at the sole discretion of the AgriBank Board of Directors.

Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation: We have entered into a Standby Commitment to Purchase Agreement with Farmer Mac. This agreement allows us to sell loans identified under the agreement to Farmer Mac. Refer to the Funding and Liquidity section for further discussion of this agreement.

Farm Credit Leasing Services Corporation: We have an agreement with Farm Credit Leasing Services Corporation (FCL), a System service corporation, which specializes in leasing products and provides industry expertise. Leases are originated and serviced by FCL and we purchase a participation interest in the cash flows of the transaction. This arrangement provides our members with a broad selection of product offerings and enhanced lease expertise.

**CoBank, ACB:** We have a relationship with CoBank, ACB (CoBank), a System bank, which involves purchasing and selling participation interests in loans. As part of this relationship, our equity investment in CoBank was \$1.6 million, \$1.6 million, and \$1.5 million at December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

**SunStream Business Services:** We have a relationship with SunStream Business Services (Sunstream), which involves purchasing tax reporting and insurance services. SunStream was a division of AgriBank prior to April 1, 2020, when SunStream formed a separate System service corporation. Additional related party information is included in Note 9 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

Farm Credit Foundations: We have a relationship with Farm Credit Foundations (Foundations), a System service corporation, which involves purchasing human resource, benefit, payroll, and workforce management services. As of December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, our investment in Foundations was \$0.1 million. Additional related party information is included in Note 9 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

Farm Credit Financial Partners, Inc.: Our customer relationship, reporting, internet, network security, loan accounting, loan origination, and general ledger systems are provided by Farm Credit Financial Partners, Inc. (FPI), a System service corporation, which provides technology and other operational services to its owners. As part of this relationship, we had an equity investment in FPI of \$4.0 million, \$3.9 million, and \$3.5 million as of December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

#### **Unincorporated Business Entities (UBEs)**

In certain circumstances we may establish separate entities to acquire and manage complex collateral, primarily for legal liability purposes.

**AgDirect, LLP:** We participate in the AgDirect trade credit financing program, which includes origination and refinancing of agriculture equipment loans through independent equipment dealers. The program is facilitated by another AgriBank District association through a limited liability partnership in which we are a partial owner. Our investment in AgDirect, LLP, was \$9.7 million, \$8.0 million, and \$4.0 million at December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. We also receive a partnership distribution resulting from our participation in the program, which is included in "Patronage income" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

#### **Programs**

We are involved in the following programs designed to improve our credit delivery, related services, and marketplace presence.

AgDirect: We participate in the AgDirect trade credit financing program. Refer to the UBEs section for further discussion on this program.

Farm Cash Management: We offer Farm Cash Management to our members. Farm Cash Management links members' revolving lines of credit with an AgriBank investment bond to optimize members' use of funds.

# REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA



We prepare the Consolidated Financial Statements of AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (the Association) and are responsible for their integrity and objectivity, including amounts that must necessarily be based on judgments and estimates. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Consolidated Financial Statements, in our opinion, fairly present the financial condition of the Association. Other financial information included in the Annual Report is consistent with that in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

To meet our responsibility for reliable financial information, we depend on accounting and internal control systems designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets are safeguarded and transactions are properly authorized and recorded. Costs must be reasonable in relation to the benefits derived when designing accounting and internal control systems. Financial operations audits are performed to monitor compliance. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, our independent auditors, audit the Consolidated Financial Statements. They also consider internal controls to the extent necessary to design audit procedures that comply with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. The Farm Credit Administration also performs examinations for safety and soundness as well as compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for our system of internal control and financial reporting. The Board of Directors and its Audit Committee consults regularly with us and meets periodically with the independent auditors and other auditors to review the scope and results of their work. The independent auditors have direct access to the Board of Directors, which is composed solely of directors who are not officers or employees of the Association.

The undersigned certify we have reviewed the Association's Annual Report, which has been prepared in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements. The information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of our knowledge and belief.

Greg Sabolik Board Chair

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

Marcus L. Knisely

President and Chief Executive Officer AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

Rebecca A. Thibert Chief Financial Officer

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

March 7, 2023

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA



The AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (the Association) principal executives and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting for the Association's Consolidated Financial Statements. For purposes of this report, "internal control over financial reporting" is defined as a process designed by, or under the supervision of the Association's principal executives and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by its Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting information and the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and includes those policies and procedures that: (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Association, (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Association, and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention, or timely detection and correction, of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Association's assets that could have a material effect on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Association's management has completed an assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022. In making the assessment, management used the 2013 framework in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework*, promulgated by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, commonly referred to as the "COSO" criteria.

Based on the assessment performed, the Association concluded that as of December 31, 2022, the internal control over financial reporting was effective based upon the COSO criteria. Additionally, based on this assessment, the Association determined that there were no material weaknesses in the internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022.

Marcus L. Knisely

President and Chief Executive Officer AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

Rebecca A. Thibert Chief Financial Officer

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

Rebecca a. Hilms

March 7, 2023

# REPORT OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA



The Consolidated Financial Statements were prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is composed of a subset of the Board of Directors of AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (the Association). The Audit Committee oversees the scope of the Association's internal audit program, the approval and independence of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (PwC) as independent auditors, the adequacy of the Association's system of internal controls and procedures, and the adequacy of management's actions with respect to recommendations arising from those auditing activities. The Audit Committee's responsibilities are described more fully in the Internal Control Policy and the Audit Committee Charter.

Management is responsible for internal controls and the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. PwC is responsible for performing an independent audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and to issue their report based on their audit. The Audit Committee's responsibilities include monitoring and overseeing these processes.

In this context, the Audit Committee reviewed and discussed the audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, with management. The Audit Committee also reviewed with PwC the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards AU-C 260, *The Auditor's Communication with Those Charged with Governance*, and both PwC and the internal auditor directly provided reports on any significant matters to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee had discussions with and received written disclosures from PwC confirming its independence. The Audit Committee also reviewed the non-audit services provided by PwC, if any, and concluded these services were not incompatible with maintaining PwC's independence. The Audit Committee discussed with management and PwC any other matters and received any assurances from them as the Audit Committee deemed appropriate.

Based on the foregoing review and discussions, and relying thereon, the Audit Committee recommended the audited Consolidated Financial Statements be included in the Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Suzanne Allen

Chairperson of the Audit Committee AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

Members of the Audit Committee: Kurt Elliott, Vice Chair Leif Aakre Edward Hegland Thomas Henry Karen Kerner Curtis Trost

March 7, 2023



#### **Report of Independent Auditors**

To the Board of Directors of AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA:

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA and its subsidiaries (the "Association"), which comprise the consolidated statements of condition as of December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in members' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as of December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Association and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the 2022 Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the consolidated financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Minneapolis, Minnesota March 7, 2023

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# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CONDITION**

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

(in thousands)

As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Loans	\$ 11,644,302	\$ 9,103,774	\$ 8,472,145
Allowance for loan losses	30,068	22,946	22,344
Net loans	11,614,234	9,080,828	8,449,801
Investment in AgriBank, FCB	336,682	227,709	212,294
Accrued interest receivable	127,779	80,619	80,693
Premises and equipment, net	48,103	35,783	35,937
Deferred tax assets, net			127
Other assets	112,737	108,393	90,670
Total assets	\$ 12,239,535	\$ 9,533,332	\$ 8,869,522
LIABILITIES			
Note payable to AgriBank, FCB	\$ 9,521,014	\$ 7,379,556	\$ 6,830,857
Accrued interest payable	71,908	20,097	19,582
Deferred tax liabilities, net	1,305	1,889	
Patronage distribution payable	83,500	67,500	64,050
Other liabilities	64,370	51,664	51,998
Total liabilities	9,742,097	7,520,706	6,966,487
Contingencies and commitments (Note 10)			
MEMBERS' EQUITY			
Capital stock and participation certificates	13,144	11,755	11,936
Capital stock and participation certificates receivable	(13,144)	(11,755)	(11,936)
Additional paid-in capital	662,638	304,385	304,385
Unallocated surplus	1,843,363	1,718,268	1,608,312
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(8,563)	(10,027)	(9,662)
Total members' equity	2,497,438	2,012,626	1,903,035
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 12,239,535	\$ 9,533,332	\$ 8,869,522

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

(in thousands)

For the year ended December 31		2022	2021	2020
Interest income Interest expense	\$	460,138 180,196	\$ 291,209 80,505	\$ 311,270 104,667
Net interest income		279,942	210,704	206,603
Provision for credit losses		4,946	974	(2,754)
Net interest income after provision for credit losses		274,996	209,730	209,357
Non-interest income				
Patronage income		59,612	50,229	50,588
Financially related services income		42,912	33,613	31,815
Fee income		12,319	17,823	10,902
Other non-interest income		416	130	2,886
Total non-interest income		115,259	101,795	96,191
Non-interest expense				
Salaries and employee benefits		98,993	76,927	74,329
Other operating expense		79,747	54,704	46,882
Other non-interest expense		2,685	2,029	551
Total non-interest expense		181,425	133,660	121,762
Income before income taxes		208,830	177,865	183,786
Provision for income taxes		321	409	124
Net income	\$	208,509	\$ 177,456	\$ 183,662
Other community income (loca)				
Other comprehensive income (loss) Employee benefit plans activity	\$	1,931	\$ (365)	\$ (4,250)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	•	1,931	(365)	(4,250)
Comprehensive income	\$	210,440	\$ 177,091	\$ 179,412

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY**

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (in thousands)

		apital Stock			Accumulated	
		articipation			Other	Total
		ificates and	Additional	Unallocated	Comprehensive	Members'
	Rece	eivable, Net	Paid-in Capital	Surplus	Loss	Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	12,151	\$ 304,385	\$ 1,488,700	\$ (5,412)	\$ 1,799,824
Net income				183,662		183,662
Other comprehensive loss					(4,250)	(4,250)
Unallocated surplus designated for patronage distributions				(64,050)		(64,050)
Capital stock and participation certificates issued		851				851
Capital stock and participation certificates retired		(1,066)				(1,066)
Capital stock and participation certificates receivable, net		(11,936)				(11,936)
Balance as of December 31, 2020			304,385	1,608,312	(9,662)	1,903,035
Net income				177,456		177,456
Other comprehensive loss					(365)	(365)
Unallocated surplus designated for patronage distributions				(67,500)		(67,500)
Capital stock and participation certificates issued		806				806
Capital stock and participation certificates retired		(987)				(987
Reductions to capital stock and participation certificates receivable, net		181				181
Balance as of December 31, 2021			304,385	1,718,268	(10,027)	2,012,626
Adjustments due to merger		1,817	358,253	-	(467)	359,603
Net income			-	208,509		208,509
Other comprehensive income			-		1,931	1,931
Unallocated surplus designated for patronage distributions			-	(83,414)		(83,414)
Capital stock and participation certificates issued		682	-	-		682
Capital stock and participation certificates retired		(1,108)	-	-		(1,108)
Additions to capital stock and participation certificates receivable, net		(1,391)				(1,391
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$		\$ 662,638	\$ 1,843,363	\$ (8,563)	\$ 2,497,438

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

(in thousands)

For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$ 208,509	\$ 177,456	\$ 183,662
Depreciation on premises and equipment	2,906	2,150	2,493
(Gain) loss on sale of premises and equipment, net	(132)	25	281
Amortization of (discounts) premiums on loans, net	(94)	45	(65)
Amortization of yield related to loans and notes payable acquired in merger, net	(1,131)	(361)	(453)
Provision for credit losses	4,946	974	(2,754)
Stock patronage received from Farm Credit institutions	(44,343)	(6,054)	(65)
Gain on other property owned, net			(62)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable	(36,151)	(4,036)	12,926
Decrease (increase) in other assets	6,001	(12,967)	(3,059)
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable	49,663	515	(18,346)
Increase in other liabilities	8,781	1,190	10,362
Net cash provided by operating activities	198,955	158,937	184,920
Cash flows from investing activities			
Increase in loans, net	(1,148,256)	(627,139)	(693,821)
Purchases of investment in AgriBank, FCB, net	(31,053)	(9,405)	(10,639)
Purchases of investment in other Farm Credit institutions, net	(1,695)	(4,423)	(3,662)
Proceeds from sales of other property owned			362
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(1,412)	(2,021)	(895)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,182,416)	(642,988)	(708,655)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Increase in note payable to AgriBank, FCB, net	1,060,791	548,264	583,957
Patronage distributions paid	(76,864)	(64,050)	(60,000)
Capital stock and participation certificates retired, net	(466)	(181)	(215)
Net cash provided by financing activities	983,461	484,033	523,742
Net change in cash		(18)	7
Cash at beginning of year		18	11
Cash at end of year	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 18
Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities			
Impact of merger transactions:			
Assets acquired	\$ 1,456,226	\$ 	\$ 
Liabilities assumed	1,096,623		
Equity issued	359,603		
Supplemental information			
Interest paid	\$ 127,471	\$ 79,555	\$ 122,500
Taxes paid, net	422		5

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA

# **NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS**

# **Farm Credit System and District**

The Farm Credit System (System) is a federally chartered network of borrower-owned lending institutions comprised of cooperatives and related service organizations, established by Congress to meet the credit needs of American agriculture. As of January 1, 2023, the System consisted of three Farm Credit Banks, one Agricultural Credit Bank, and 61 borrower-owned cooperative lending institutions (associations). AgriBank, FCB (AgriBank), a System Farm Credit Bank, and its District associations are collectively referred to as the AgriBank Farm Credit District (AgriBank District or the District). The AgriBank District associations consist of local Agricultural Credit Associations (ACA) that each have wholly-owned Federal Land Credit Association (FLCA) and Production Credit Association (PCA) subsidiaries.

FLCAs are authorized to originate long-term real estate mortgage loans. PCAs are authorized to originate short-term and intermediate-term loans. ACAs are authorized to originate long-term real estate mortgage loans and short-term and intermediate-term loans either directly or through their subsidiaries. Associations are authorized to provide lease financing options for agricultural purposes and are also authorized to purchase and hold certain types of investments. AgriBank provides funding to all associations chartered within the District.

Associations are authorized to provide, either directly or in participation with other lenders, credit and related services to eligible borrowers. Eligible borrowers may include farmers, ranchers, producers or harvesters of aquatic products, rural residents, and farm-related service businesses. In addition, associations can participate with other lenders in loans to similar entities. Similar entities are parties that are not eligible for a loan from a System lending institution but have operations that are functionally similar to the activities of eligible borrowers.

The Farm Credit Administration (FCA) is authorized by Congress to regulate the System banks and associations. We are examined by the FCA and certain association actions are subject to the prior approval of the FCA and/or AgriBank.

The Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation (FCSIC) administers the Farm Credit Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund). The Insurance Fund is used to ensure the timely payment of principal and interest on Systemwide debt obligations, to ensure the retirement of protected borrower capital at par or stated value, and for other specified purposes.

At the discretion of the FCSIC, the Insurance Fund is also available to provide assistance to certain troubled System institutions and for the operating expenses of the FCSIC. Each System bank is required to pay premiums into the Insurance Fund until the assets in the Insurance Fund equal 2.0% of the aggregated insured obligations adjusted to reflect the reduced risk on loans or investments guaranteed by federal or state governments. This percentage of aggregate obligations can be changed by the FCSIC, at its sole discretion, to a percentage it determines to be actuarially sound. The basis for assessing premiums is debt outstanding with adjustments made for nonaccrual loans and impaired investment securities which are assessed a surcharge while guaranteed loans and investment securities are deductions from the premium base. AgriBank, in turn, assesses premiums to District associations each year based on similar factors.

#### Association

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (the Association) and its subsidiaries, AgCountry Farm Credit Services, FLCA and AgCountry Farm Credit Services, PCA (subsidiaries) are lending institutions of the System. We are a member-owned cooperative providing credit and credit-related services to, or for the benefit of, eligible members for qualified agricultural purposes in the counties of Becker, Beltrami, Big Stone, Chippewa, Clay, Clearwater, Douglas, Grant, Hubbard, Kandiyohi, Kittson, Koochiching, Lake of the Woods, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, Mahnomen, Marshall, Meeker, Norman, Otter Tail, Pennington, Polk, Pope, Red Lake, Redwood, Renville, Roseau, Stevens, Swift, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, Wilkin, and Yellow Medicine in the state of Minnesota; Barnes, Benson, Bottineau, Burke, Cass, Cavalier, Dickey, Divide, Eddy, Foster, Grand Forks, Griggs, LaMoure, McHenry, McKenzie, northern McLean, Mountrail, Nelson, Pembina, Pierce, Ramsey, Ransom, Renville, Richland, Rolette, Sargent, northern Sheridan, Steele, Stutsman, Towner, Traill, Walsh, Ward, Wells, and Williams in the state of North Dakota; and Clark, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Portage, Price, Taylor, Vilas, Waushara, and Wood in the state of Wisconsin.

We borrow from AgriBank and provide financing and related services to our members. Our ACA holds all the stock of the FLCA and PCA subsidiaries. The FLCA makes secured long-term agricultural real estate and rural home mortgage loans and holds certain types of investments. The PCA makes short-term and intermediate-term loans for agricultural production or operating purposes. We also facilitate lease financing options through our alliance partner, Farm Credit Leasing (FCL).

We offer credit life, term life, credit disability, crop hail, and multi-peril crop insurance to borrowers and those eligible to borrow. We also offer farm accounting, fee appraisals, income tax planning and preparation services, retirement and succession planning, and producer education services to our members.

#### **Merger Activity**

Effective January 1, 2022, Farm Credit Services of North Dakota, ACA (FCS ND) merged into AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (AgCountry). AgCountry acquired 100% of the assets and liabilities of FCS ND. The merged Association, AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA, is headquartered in Fargo, ND. The primary reason for the merger was to strategically position the associations to best serve member needs, now and in the future. The effects of the merger are included in the merged Association's results of operations, statement of condition, average balances, and related metrics beginning January 1, 2022.

The acquisition method of accounting requires the financial statement presentation of combined balances as of the date of merger, but not for previous periods. The Consolidated Statements of Condition reflect the merged balances as of December 31, 2022. The Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Equity reflect the results of the merged Association after January 1, 2022, and AgCountry prior to January 1, 2022. Information in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for 2022 reflect balances of the merged Association.

As cooperative organizations, Farm Credit associations operate for the mutual benefit of their members and other customers and not for the benefit of equity investors. As such, capital stock provides no significant interest in corporate earnings or growth. Specifically, due to restrictions in applicable regulations and the bylaws, the associations can issue stock only at its par value of \$5 per share, the stock is not tradable, and the stock can be retired only for the lesser of par value or book value. The shares of FCS ND stock were converted in the merger into shares of AgCountry stock with identical rights and attributes. For this reason, the conversion of FCS ND stock pursuant to the merger occurred at a one-for-one exchange ratio (i.e., each FCS ND share was converted into one share of AgCountry stock with an equal par value).

The capital stock and participation certificates acquired from FCS ND are currently included within members' equity on the Consolidated Statements of Condition. Prior to June 30, 2022, FCS ND stock was transitioned to accounts receivable stock, consistent with our current policy. A contra receivable for the stock was established and included in the line item titled "Capital stock and participation certificates receivable". This change had no impact on the capital stock or participation certificates owned by the borrowers, and borrowers retain all rights afforded to them by the Farm Credit Act. In addition, while this change reduced our equity, it did not have a material impact on our capital ratios.

Management believes that because the stock in each association is fixed in value, the book value of the AgCountry stock issued as part of the merger does not reflect a purchase price estimate. In the absence of a purchase price determination, AgCountry undertook a process to estimate the acquisition-date fair value of FCS ND's equity interests instead of the acquisition-date fair value of AgCountry's equity interests transferred as consideration. The fair value of the assets acquired, including specific intangible assets and liabilities assumed from FCS ND, were measured based on various estimates using assumptions that management believes are reasonable and using information available as of the merger date. Use of different estimates and judgments could yield materially different results.

The merger was accounted for as a business combination under the acquisition method of accounting. Pursuant to these rules, AgCountry acquired the assets and assumed the liabilities of FCS ND at their acquisition-date fair value. The fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired (\$359.6 million) was substantially equal to the fair value of the equity interest exchanged in the merger. In addition, no material amounts of intangible assets were acquired. As a result, no goodwill was recorded. A net increase of \$359.6 million was recorded in members' equity related to the merger.

The following condensed statement of net assets acquired reflects the fair value assigned to FCS ND's net assets as of the acquisition date. There were no subsequent changes to the initial fair value measurements since the merger.

#### Condensed Statement of Net Assets Acquired

(in thousands)	
As of January 1, 2022	North Dakota
Assets	
Net loans	\$ 1,384,102
Accrued interest receivable	14,824
Other assets	57,300
Total assets	\$ 1,456,226
Liabilities	
Notes payable	\$ 1,079,753
Accrued interest payable	2,148
Other liabilities	14,722
Total liabilities	\$ 1,096,623
Fair value of net assets acquired	\$ 359,603

Fair value adjustments to FCS ND's assets and liabilities included a \$4.7 million decrease to loans and a \$3.6 million decrease to notes payable to reflect credit discounts, changes in interest rates, and other market conditions since the time these instruments were issued. These differences are being accreted or amortized into net interest income over the remaining life of the loan portfolio and debt instruments. The Association expects to collect the majority of the contractual amounts of the acquired loans not considered to be purchased credit-impaired, which totaled \$1.4 billion at January 1, 2022. Refer to Note 2 for further information on purchased credit-impaired loans.

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Accounting Principles and Reporting Policies**

Our accounting and reporting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) and the prevailing practices within the financial services industry. Preparing financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Principles of Consolidation**

The Consolidated Financial Statements present the consolidated financial results of AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### **Significant Accounting Policies**

Loans: Loans are carried at their principal amount outstanding net of any unearned income, cumulative charge-offs, unamortized deferred fees and costs on originated loans, and unamortized premiums or discounts on purchased loans and unamortized adjustments to fair value on loans acquired through merger. Loan interest is accrued and credited to interest income based upon the daily principal amount outstanding. Origination fees, net of direct loan origination costs, are deferred and recognized over the life of the loan as an adjustment to net interest income. Throughout this Annual Report, there may be references to loan volume which is defined as loan principal plus accrued interest receivable.

Generally, we place loans in nonaccrual status when principal or interest is delinquent for 90 days or more (unless the loan is adequately secured and in the process of collection) or circumstances indicate that full collection is not expected.

When a loan is placed in nonaccrual status and the interest is determined to be both uncollectible and the loss is known, we reverse current year accrued interest to the extent principal plus accrued interest exceeds the net realizable value of the collateral prior to reclassification. When we deem a loan to be uncollectible, we charge the loan principal and prior year(s) accrued interest against the allowance for loan losses. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are added to the allowance for loan losses. Any cash received on nonaccrual loans is applied to reduce the recorded investment in the loan, except in those cases where the collection of the recorded investment is fully expected and certain other criteria are met. In these circumstances interest is credited to income when cash is received. Loans are charged-off at the time they are determined to be uncollectible. Nonaccrual loans may be returned to accrual status when principal and interest are current, and, if the loan was past due when placed in nonaccrual status, the loan has evidence of sustained performance in making on-time contractual payments (typically based on payment frequency).

In situations where, for economic or legal reasons related to the borrower's financial difficulties, we grant a concession for other than an insignificant period of time to the borrower that we would not otherwise consider, the related loan is classified as a troubled debt restructuring (TDR), also known as a formally restructured loan for regulatory purposes. A concession is generally granted in order to minimize economic loss and avoid foreclosure. Concessions vary by program and borrower and may include interest rate reductions, term extensions, payment deferrals, or an acceptance of additional collateral in lieu of payments. In limited circumstances, principal may be forgiven. Loans classified as TDRs are considered risk loans (as defined below). There may be modifications made in the normal course of business that would not be considered TDRs.

Loans that are sold as participations are transferred as entire financial assets, groups of entire financial assets, or participating interests in the loans. The transfers of such assets or participating interests are structured such that control over the transferred assets, or participating interests have been surrendered and that all of the conditions have been met to be accounted for as a sale.

**Purchased Credit-Impaired (PCI) Loans:** Loans acquired through merger with evidence of credit deterioration since their origination and when it is probable that we will not collect all contractually required principal and interest payments are PCI loans. PCI loans are written down at acquisition to estimated fair value and an accretable yield may be established. The excess of cash flows expected to be collected over the carrying value is referred to as the accretable yield and is recognized in interest income over the remaining life of the loan.

Evidence of credit quality deterioration as of the purchase date may include statistics such as past due and nonaccrual status. Acquired loans that meet our definition of risk loans are generally considered to be credit-impaired and are accounted for as individual loans. Accounting for PCI loans involves estimating fair value at acquisition using the cash flows expected to be collected. As we generally are unable to estimate the timing and amount of future cash flows, measurement is based on the net realizable value of the collateral underlying these loans.

**Allowance for Loan Losses:** The allowance for loan losses is our best estimate of the amount of losses on loans inherent in our portfolio as of the date of the financial statements. We determine the appropriate level of allowance for loan losses based on periodic evaluation of factors such as loan loss history, estimated probability of default, estimated loss severity, portfolio quality, and current economic and environmental conditions.

Loans in our portfolio that are considered impaired are assessed individually to establish a specific allowance. A loan is impaired when it is probable that all amounts due will not be collected according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. We generally measure impairment based on the net realizable value of the collateral. Risk loans include nonaccrual loans, accruing restructured loans, and accruing loans 90 days or more past due. All risk loans are considered to be impaired loans including PCI loans.

We record a specific allowance to reduce the carrying amount of the risk loan by the amount the recorded investment exceeds the net realizable value of collateral. When we deem a loan to be uncollectible, we charge the loan principal and prior year(s) accrued interest against the allowance for loan losses. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are added to the allowance for loan losses.

We determine the amount of allowance that is required by assessing risk loans individually and all other loans by combining them into groups of loans sharing similar risk characteristics. For loans that are not individually assessed for impairment, an allowance is recorded for probable and estimable credit losses as of the financial statement date, using a two-dimensional loan risk rating model that incorporates a 14-point rating scale to identify and track the probability of borrower default and a separate 6-point scale addressing the loss severity. The combination of estimated default probability and loss severity is the primary basis for recognition and measurement of loan collectability of these pools of loans. These estimated losses may be adjusted for relevant current environmental factors.

Changes in the allowance for loan losses consist of provision activity, recorded in "Provision for credit losses" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, recoveries, and charge-offs.

For purchased loans that are not deemed impaired at acquisition, credit discounts representing the principal losses expected over the life of the loan are a component of the initial fair value. Subsequent to the purchase date, the methods utilized to estimate the required allowance for credit losses for these loans is similar to originated loans. However, we record a provision for credit losses only when the required allowance exceeds any remaining credit discounts. The remaining differences between the purchase price and the unpaid principal balance at the date of acquisition are recorded in "Interest income" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income over the life of the loans.

Investment in AgriBank: Our stock investment in AgriBank is on a cost plus allocated equities basis.

Premises and Equipment: The carrying amount of premises and equipment is at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Calculation of depreciation is generally on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation and maintenance and repair expenses are included in "Other operating expense" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and improvements are capitalized.

Leases: We are the lessee in operating leases. We evaluate arrangements at inception to determine if it is a lease. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the Consolidated Statements of Condition. For operating leases with terms greater than 12 months the right-of-use (ROU) assets are included in "Other assets" in the Consolidated Statements of Condition and the lease liabilities are included in "Other liabilities" in the Consolidated Statements of Condition.

The ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. We use the implicit rate when readily determinable. Our lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease. The length of the lease term is modified to include the option when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. Operating lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Post-Employment Benefit Plans: The District has various post-employment benefit plans in which our employees participate. Expenses related to these plans, except for the AgriBank District Pension Restoration Plan, are included in "Salaries and employee benefits" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Certain employees participate in the AgriBank District Retirement Plan. The plan is comprised of two benefit formulas. At their option, employees hired prior to October 1, 2001, are on the cash balance formula or on the final average pay formula. Benefits for eligible employees hired between October 1, 2001, and December 31, 2006, are on the cash balance formula. Effective January 1, 2007, the AgriBank District Retirement Plan was closed to new employees. The AgriBank District Retirement Plan utilizes the "Projected Unit Credit" actuarial method for financial reporting and funding purposes.

Certain employees also participate in the AgriBank District Pension Restoration Plan. This plan restores retirement benefits to certain highly compensated eligible employees that would have been provided under the qualified plan if such benefits were not above certain Internal Revenue Code limits. The pension liability attributable to the Pension Restoration Plan at the Association and the related accumulated other comprehensive loss are included in the Consolidated Statements of Condition. The components of the net periodic cost other than the service cost component, are included in "Other operating expense" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Service costs are included in "Salaries and employee benefits" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

We also provide certain health insurance benefits to eligible retired employees according to the terms of those benefit plans. The anticipated cost of these benefits is accrued during the employees' active service period.

The defined contribution plan allows eligible employees to save for their retirement either pre-tax, post-tax, or both, with an employer match on a percentage of the employee's contributions. We provide benefits under this plan for those employees that do not participate in the AgriBank District Retirement Plan in the form of a fixed percentage of salary contribution in addition to the employer match. Employer contributions are expensed when incurred.

Certain employees also participate in the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan. Eligible participants must meet one of the following criteria: certain salary thresholds as determined by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), are either a Chief Executive Officer or President of a participating employer or have previously elected pre-tax deferrals in 2006 under predecessor nonqualified deferred compensation plans. Under this plan the employee may defer a portion of his/her salary, bonus, and other compensation. Additionally, the plan provides for supplemental employer matching contributions related to any compensation deferred by the employee that would have been eligible for a matching contribution under the retirement savings plan if it were not for certain IRS limitations.

**Income Taxes:** The ACA and PCA accrue federal and state income taxes. The ACA and PCA are exempt from Minnesota state income tax. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax basis of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets are recorded if the deferred tax asset is more likely than not to be realized. If the realization test cannot be met, the deferred tax asset is reduced by a valuation allowance. The expected future tax consequences of uncertain income tax positions are accrued.

The FLCA is exempt from federal and other taxes to the extent provided in the Farm Credit Act.

Patronage Program: We accrue patronage distributions according to a prescribed formula approved by the Board of Directors. Generally, we pay the accrued patronage during the first guarter after year end.

Off-Balance Sheet Credit Exposures: Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a borrower as long as there is not a violation of any condition established in the loan contract. The commitments to extend credit generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses. Standby letters of credit are agreements to pay a beneficiary if there is a default on a contractual arrangement. Any reserve for unfunded lending commitments and unexercised letters of credit is based on management's best estimate of losses inherent in these instruments, but the commitments have not yet disbursed. Factors such as likelihood of disbursal and likelihood of losses given disbursement are utilized in determining a reserve, if needed. Based on our assessment, any reserve is recorded in "Other liabilities" in the Consolidated Statements of Condition and a corresponding loss is recorded in "Provision for credit losses" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Cash: For purposes of reporting cash flow, cash includes deposits in banks. Cash is recorded in "Other assets" or "Other liabilities" in the Consolidated Statements of Condition.

Fair Value Measurement: The accounting guidance describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value.

Level 1 — Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 — Observable inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active so that they are traded less frequently than exchange-traded
  instruments, quoted prices that are not current, or principal market information that is not released publicly
- · Inputs that are observable such as interest rates and yield curves, prepayment speeds, credit risks, and default rates
- · Inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. These unobservable inputs reflect the reporting entity's own judgments about assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

#### **Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

We have assessed the potential impact of accounting standards that have been issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and have determined the following standards to be applicable to our business. While we are a nonpublic entity, our financial results are closely related to the performance of the combined Farm Credit System. Therefore, we typically adopt accounting pronouncements in alignment with other System institutions.

Standard and effective date	Description	Adoption status and financial statement impact
In March 2020, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-04 "Reference Rate Reform, Topic 848." In January 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-01 further amending Topic 848. This guidance may be elected and applied prospectively over time beginning March 12, 2020.  In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-06 "Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848", which deferred the sunset date of Topic 848 to December 31, 2024. After December 31, 2024, entities will no longer be permitted to apply the	The guidance provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts and other transactions affected by reference rate reform. The guidance simplifies the accounting evaluation of contract modifications that replace a reference rate affected by reference rate reform and contemporaneous modifications of other contract terms related to the replacement of the reference rate.	During March 2021, we adopted this standard. Additionally, we intend to apply the relief granted in the extension. To date, the adoption of this standard has not had a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and financial statement disclosures.
relites with to totage be permitted to apply the relief in Topic 848.  In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The guidance was originally effective for non-U.S. Securities Exchange Commission filers for the first quarter of 2021. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-10 that amended the mandatory effective date for this guidance for certain institutions. We qualified for the deferral of the mandatory effective date. As a result of the change, the standard is effective for the first quarter of 2023 and early adoption is permitted.	The guidance replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates.	We adopted the standard as of January 1, 2023. As a result of adoption of this guidance, the allowance for loan losses decreased by \$15.0 million and the reserve for unfunded commitments decreased by \$1.1 million, with a cumulative-effect increase, net of tax balances, to retained earnings of \$14.4 million.

Standard and effective date	Description	Adoption status and financial statement impact
In March 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-02	This guidance eliminates the accounting	We adopted the standard on January 1, 2023.
"Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic	guidance for troubled debt restructurings by	The adoption of this guidance did not have a
326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage	creditors in Subtopic 310-40, Receivables -	material impact on our financial statements but
Disclosures." The guidance is effective at the same time that ASU 2016-13 is adopted.	Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors, while enhancing disclosure requirements for certain loan refinancings and restructurings.	will modify certain disclosures beginning with our first quarter 2023 Quarterly Report.

# NOTE 3: LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

As a result of the merger, which was effective January 1, 2022, we acquired \$1.4 billion in loans, of which 94.4% were categorized as having acceptable credit quality and 99.8% were current in payment status. A portion of the acquired loans were considered to be credit-impaired. However, they are not significant to the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole.

#### Loans by Type

(dollars in thousands)		2022		 2021		 2020				
As of December 31 Amount		%	Amount	%	Amount	%				
Real estate mortgage	\$	4,629,271	39.8%	\$ 3,936,204	43.2%	\$ 3,659,953	43.2%			
Production and intermediate-term		2,689,594	23.1%	2,106,315	23.1%	2,058,139	24.3%			
Agribusiness		3,031,138	26.0%	2,254,031	24.8%	2,030,071	24.0%			
Other		1,294,299	11.1%	 807,224	8.9%	723,982	8.5%			
Total	\$	11,644,302	100.0%	\$ 9,103,774	100.0%	\$ 8,472,145	100.0%			

The other category is primarily composed of rural infrastructure related loans.

#### **Portfolio Concentrations**

Loan concentrations exist when there are amounts loaned to multiple borrowers engaged in similar activities or within close proximity, which could cause them to be similarly impacted by economic or other conditions. We lend primarily within agricultural industries.

As of December 31, 2022, volume plus commitments, excluding government guaranteed portions of loans, to our ten largest borrowers totaled an amount equal to 4.5% of total loans and commitments.

Total loans plus any unfunded commitments represent a proportionate maximum potential credit risk. However, substantial portions of our lending activities are collateralized. Accordingly, the credit risk associated with lending activities is less than the recorded loan principal. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but may include real estate, equipment, inventory, livestock, and income-producing property. Long-term real estate loans are secured by the first liens on underlying real property.

#### **Participations**

We may purchase or sell participation interests with other parties to diversify risk, manage loan volume, or comply with the limitations of the FCA Regulations or General Financing Agreement (GFA) with AgriBank.

#### **Participations Purchased and Sold**

		Αg	ıriBa	ınk		Credit Institutions				Credit In:			Total					
(in thousands)		Parti	cipa	tions	s Participations Participations						Participations				Participations			
As of December 31, 2022	Purc	hased		Sold		Purchased Sold			Purchased Sold			Sold	Purchased			Sold		
Real estate mortgage	\$		\$	(226,500)	\$	396,596	\$	(249,469)	\$		\$	(14,378)	\$	396,596	\$	(490,347)		
Production and intermediate-term				(347,988)		972,782		(288,529)		17,645		(28,775)		990,427		(665,292)		
Agribusiness				(152,885)		1,684,265		(1,483,079)		115,254		(1,579)		1,799,519		(1,637,543)		
Other		-		(6,405)		1,853,685		(561,615)						1,853,685		(568,020)		
Total	\$		\$	(733,778)	\$	4,907,328	\$	(2,582,692)	\$	132,899	\$	(44,732)	\$	5,040,227	\$	(3,361,202)		

				Other		Non-l	-arm	1									
	AgriE	Bank		Credit In:	tions		Credit In	stitu	tions		Т	otal					
	Particip	ations		Particip	ons	Participations					Participations						
Purcl	hased	Sold	Purchased Sold				Purchased Sold					Sold					
\$	\$	(208,020)	\$	328,458	\$	(294,294)	\$	44	\$	(11,110)	\$	328,502	\$	(513,424)			
		(230,611)		566,359		(287,429)		17,009		(25,037)		583,368		(543,077)			
		(21,329)		1,267,342		(1,529,178)		83,373		(2,771)		1,350,715		(1,553,278)			
		(224)		1,420,678		(630,813)						1,420,678		(631,037)			
\$	\$	(460,184)	\$	3,582,837	\$	(2,741,714)	\$	100,426	\$	(38,918)	\$	3,683,263	\$	(3,240,816)			
				Other	Farr	n		Non-f	Farm	1							
	AgriE	Bank		Credit In:	stitu	tions		Credit In	stitu	tions		Т	otal				
	Particip	ations		Particip	oatic	ons		Partici	patic	ons		Partic	ipatio	ons			
Purcl	hased	Sold		Purchased		Sold	F	Purchased		Sold		Purchased		Sold			
\$	\$	(244,056)	\$	329,377	\$	(300,260)	\$	88	\$	(9,941)	\$	329,465	\$	(554,257)			
		(251,051)		572,270		(292,497)		40,459		(10,146)		612,729		(553,694)			
		(12,008)		1,166,797		(1,389,579)		77,858		(7,813)		1,244,655		(1,409,400)			
		(266)		1,280,625		(600,791)				<u></u>		1,280,625		(601,057)			
\$	\$	(507,381)	\$	3,349,069	\$	(2,583,127)	\$	118,405	\$	(27,900)	\$	3,467,474	\$	(3,118,408)			
	\$ Support	Particip Purchased  \$ \$ \$ \$  AgriE  Particip Purchased  \$ \$	\$ \$ (208,020) (230,611) (21,329) (224) \$ \$ (460,184)   AgriBank  Participations  Purchased Sold  \$ \$ (244,056) (251,051) (12,008) (266)	Participations Purchased Sold  \$ \$ (208,020) \$ (230,611) (21,329) (224)  \$ \$ (460,184) \$   AgriBank  Participations Purchased Sold  \$ \$ (244,056) \$ (251,051) (12,008) (266)	AgriBank         Credit In Participations           Purchased         Sold         Purchased           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458           (230,611)         566,359           (21,329)         1,267,342           (224)         1,420,678           \$ \$ (460,184)         \$ 3,582,837           Other Credit In Participations           Participations         Participations           Purchased         Sold           \$ \$ (244,056)         \$ 329,377           (251,051)         572,270           (12,008)         1,166,797           (266)         1,280,625	AgriBank         Credit Institut           Participations         Participation           Purchased         Sold         Purchased           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$           (230,611)         566,359           (21,329)         1,267,342           (224)         1,420,678           \$ \$ (460,184)         \$ 3,582,837 \$           Other Farr           AgriBank         Credit Institut           Participations         Participations           Purchased         Sold           \$ \$ (244,056)         \$ 329,377 \$           (251,051)         572,270           (12,008)         1,166,797           (266)         1,280,625	AgriBank         Credit Institutions           Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)           (230,611)         566,359 (287,429)           (21,329)         1,267,342 (1,529,178)           (224)         1,420,678 (630,813)           \$ \$ (460,184)         \$ 3,582,837 \$ (2,741,714)           Other Farm Credit Institutions           Participations           Participations         Purchased         Sold           \$ \$ (244,056)         \$ 329,377 \$ (300,260)           \$ (251,051)         572,270 (292,497)           (12,008)         1,166,797 (1,389,579)           (266)         1,280,625 (600,791)	Participations           Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Furchased         Furchased         Sold         Furchased         Furchased         Sold         Furchased         Furchased <td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Instit</td> <td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Non-Farm         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold         <th <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions           Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold</td><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions           Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ (287,429)         \$ 17,009 (25,037)         \$ (25,037)         \$ (21,329)         \$ 1,267,342 \$ (1,529,178)         \$ 83,373 \$ (2,771)         \$ (2,771)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (3,741,714)         <t< td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         T Participations           Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Purchased           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,502           (230,611)         566,359 (287,429)         17,009 (25,037)         583,368           (21,329)         1,267,342 (1,529,178)         83,373 (2,771)         1,350,715           (224)         1,420,678 (630,813)         1,420,678           \$ \$ (460,184)         \$ 3,582,837 \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ 3,683,263           Participations         <td row<="" td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total Participations         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total           AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Total           Participations         Participations</td></td></td></t<></td></th></td>	AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Instit	AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Non-Farm         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold <th <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions           Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold</td><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions           Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ (287,429)         \$ 17,009 (25,037)         \$ (25,037)         \$ (21,329)         \$ 1,267,342 \$ (1,529,178)         \$ 83,373 \$ (2,771)         \$ (2,771)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (3,741,714)         <t< td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         T Participations           Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Purchased           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,502           (230,611)         566,359 (287,429)         17,009 (25,037)         583,368           (21,329)         1,267,342 (1,529,178)         83,373 (2,771)         1,350,715           (224)         1,420,678 (630,813)         1,420,678           \$ \$ (460,184)         \$ 3,582,837 \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ 3,683,263           Participations         <td row<="" td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total Participations         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total           AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Total           Participations         Participations</td></td></td></t<></td></th>	<td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions           Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold</td> <td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions           Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ (287,429)         \$ 17,009 (25,037)         \$ (25,037)         \$ (21,329)         \$ 1,267,342 \$ (1,529,178)         \$ 83,373 \$ (2,771)         \$ (2,771)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (3,741,714)         <t< td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         T Participations           Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Purchased           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,502           (230,611)         566,359 (287,429)         17,009 (25,037)         583,368           (21,329)         1,267,342 (1,529,178)         83,373 (2,771)         1,350,715           (224)         1,420,678 (630,813)         1,420,678           \$ \$ (460,184)         \$ 3,582,837 \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ 3,683,263           Participations         <td row<="" td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total Participations         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total           AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Total           Participations         Participations</td></td></td></t<></td>		AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions           Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Sold         Purchased         Sold	AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions           Participations         Participations         Participations         Purchased         Sold           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ (287,429)         \$ 17,009 (25,037)         \$ (25,037)         \$ (21,329)         \$ 1,267,342 \$ (1,529,178)         \$ 83,373 \$ (2,771)         \$ (2,771)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (3,741,714) <t< td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         T Participations           Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Purchased           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,502           (230,611)         566,359 (287,429)         17,009 (25,037)         583,368           (21,329)         1,267,342 (1,529,178)         83,373 (2,771)         1,350,715           (224)         1,420,678 (630,813)         1,420,678           \$ \$ (460,184)         \$ 3,582,837 \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ 3,683,263           Participations         <td row<="" td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total Participations         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total           AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Total           Participations         Participations</td></td></td></t<>	AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         T Participations           Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Sold         Purchased         Purchased           \$ \$ (208,020)         \$ 328,458 \$ (294,294)         \$ 44 \$ (11,110)         \$ 328,502           (230,611)         566,359 (287,429)         17,009 (25,037)         583,368           (21,329)         1,267,342 (1,529,178)         83,373 (2,771)         1,350,715           (224)         1,420,678 (630,813)         1,420,678           \$ \$ (460,184)         \$ 3,582,837 \$ (2,741,714)         \$ 100,426 \$ (38,918)         \$ 3,683,263           Participations         Participations <td row<="" td=""><td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total Participations         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total           AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Total           Participations         Participations</td></td>	<td>AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total Participations         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total           AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Total           Participations         Participations</td>	AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total Participations         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Total           AgriBank         Credit Institutions         Credit Institutions         Non-Farm         Credit Institutions         Total           Participations         Participations

Other Form

Non Form

# **Credit Quality and Delinquency**

We utilize the FCA Uniform Classification System to categorize loans into five credit quality categories. The categories are:

- Acceptable loans are non-criticized loans representing the highest quality. They are expected to be fully collectible. This category is further differentiated into various probabilities of default.
- Other assets especially mentioned (Special Mention) loans are currently collectible but exhibit some potential weakness. These loans involve increased credit risk, but not to the point of justifying a substandard classification.
- Substandard loans exhibit some serious weakness in repayment capacity, equity, and/or collateral pledged on the loan.
- Doubtful loans exhibit similar weaknesses as substandard loans. Doubtful loans have additional weaknesses in existing factors, conditions, and values that make collection in full highly questionable.
- Loss loans are considered uncollectible.

We had no loans categorized as loss at December 31, 2022, 2021, or 2020.

# **Credit Quality of Loans**

(dollars in thousands)	Acceptable	e	Special Ment	ion	Substandar Doubtful	d/	Total		
As of December 31, 2022	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Real estate mortgage Production and intermediate-term Agribusiness Other Total	\$ 4,604,579 2,645,838 2,929,959 1,277,687 11,458,063	98.0% 97.0% 96.2% 98.4% 97.3%	\$ 52,803 17,630 57,375 13,857	1.1% 0.6% 1.9% 1.1% 1.2%	\$ 41,804 66,263 57,944 6,342 172,353	0.9% 2.4% 1.9% 0.5% 1.5%	\$ 4,699,186 2,729,731 3,045,278 1,297,886 11,772,081	100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	
	Acceptable	•	Special Ment	ion	Substandar Doubtful	d/	Total		
As of December 31, 2021	 Acceptable	<u>%</u>	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Real estate mortgage Production and intermediate-term Agribusiness Other	\$ 3,834,400 2,011,488 2,182,895 797,797	96.2% 94.4% 96.6% 98.7%	\$ 110,928 55,146 65,778 1,551	2.8% 2.6% 2.9% 0.2%	\$ 40,679 63,686 11,157 8,888	1.0% 3.0% 0.5% 1.1%	\$ 3,986,007 2,130,320 2,259,830 808,236	100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	
Total	\$ 8,826,580	96.1%	\$ 233,403	2.5%	\$ 124,410	1.4%	\$ 9,184,393	100.0%	

						Substandar	d/			
	 Acceptable			Special Ment	tion	Doubtful		 Total		
As of December 31, 2020	Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Real estate mortgage	\$ 3,492,630	94.2%	\$	140,249	3.8%	\$ 74,936	2.0%	\$ 3,707,815	100.0%	
Production and intermediate-term	1,957,135	93.8%		95,260	4.6%	32,747	1.6%	2,085,142	100.0%	
Agribusiness	1,922,744	94.5%		87,285	4.3%	25,052	1.2%	2,035,081	100.0%	
Other	 715,995	98.8%		5,855	0.8%	 2,950	0.4%	 724,800	100.0%	
Total	\$ 8,088,504	94.6%	\$	328,649	3.8%	\$ 135,685	1.6%	\$ 8,552,838	100.0%	

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

# Aging Analysis of Loans

3 3,												
		30-89		90 Days				Not Past Due			Ad	cruing Loans
(in thousands)		Days		or More		Total	or	Less Than 30				90 Days or
As of December 31, 2022		Past Due		Past Due		Past Due		Days Past Due		Total	M	ore Past Due
Real estate mortgage	\$	4,364	\$	1,253	\$	5,617	\$	4,693,569	\$	4,699,186	\$	
Production and intermediate-term		9,269		1,282		10,551		2,719,180		2,729,731		
Agribusiness		4,086		-		4,086		3,041,192		3,045,278		
Other		·				·		1,297,886		1,297,886		
Total	\$	17,719	\$	2,535	\$	20,254	\$	11,751,827	\$	11,772,081	\$	
		30-89		90 Days				Not Past Due			٨٠	cruing Loans
				or More		Total	or	Less Than 30			A	90 Days or
A 4 D 04 0004		Days								T-4-1		,
As of December 31, 2021		Past Due		Past Due		Past Due		Days Past Due		Total	IV	ore Past Due
Real estate mortgage	\$	2,058	\$	4,285	\$	6,343	\$	3,979,664	\$	3,986,007	\$	1,427
Production and intermediate-term		893		1,757		2,650		2,127,670		2,130,320		
Agribusiness		1,116				1,116		2,258,714		2,259,830		
Other								808,236		808,236		
Total	\$	4,067	\$	6,042	\$	10,109	\$	9,174,284	\$	9,184,393	\$	1,427
		30-89		90 Days				Not Past Due			Ac	cruing Loans
		Days		or More		Total	or	Less Than 30				90 Days or
As of December 31, 2020		Past Due		Past Due		Past Due	C	Days Past Due		Total	М	ore Past Due
Real estate mortgage	\$	587	\$	6,623	\$	7,210	\$	3,700,605	\$	3,707,815	\$	1,490
Production and intermediate-term	•	3,776	•	5,079	•	8,855	•	2,076,287	•	2,085,142	•	607
Agribusiness		50				50		2,035,031		2,035,081		
Other		32				32		724,768		724,800		
Total	\$	4,445	\$	11,702	\$	16,147	\$	8,536,691	\$	8,552,838	\$	2,097
	<u> </u>	,	_	,	-	-,	_	-,,	_	-, ,	_	,,,,,

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

# Risk Loans

Risk loans are loans for which it is probable that all principal and interest will not be collected according to the contractual terms. Interest income recognized and cash payments received on nonaccrual risk loans are applied as described in Note 2.

# **Risk Loan Information**

(in thousands) As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Nonaccrual loans: Current as to principal and interest Past due	\$ 19,992 4,868	\$ 6,464 4,911	\$ 4,916 9,433
Total nonaccrual loans Accruing restructured loans Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	 24,860 4,426 	11,375 2,322 1,427	14,349 1,982 2,097
Total risk loans	\$ 29,286	\$ 15,124	\$ 18,428
Volume with specific allowance Volume without specific allowance	\$ 17,918 11,368	\$ 3,897 11,227	\$ 1,585 16,843
Total risk loans	\$ 29,286	\$ 15,124	\$ 18,428
Total specific allowance	\$ 4,063	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,013
For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020
Income on accrual risk loans Income on nonaccrual loans	\$ 272 1,189	\$ 294 1,086	\$ 150 2,761
Total income on risk loans	\$ 1,461	\$ 1,380	\$ 2,911
Average risk loans	\$ 21,333	\$ 17,052	\$ 26,353

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

# Nonaccrual Loans by Loan Type

(in thousands)

As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Real estate mortgage	\$ 3,914 \$	5,119 \$	8,561
Production and intermediate-term	2,810	3,044	4,988
Agribusiness	15,909	780	800
Other	 2,227	2,432	
Total	\$ 24,860 \$	11,375 \$	14,349

# Additional Impaired Loan Information by Loan Type

		As	of De	For the year ended December 31, 2022						
				Unpaid				Average		Interest
		Recorded		Principal		Related		Impaired		Income
(in thousands)		Investment <sup>1</sup>		Balance <sup>2</sup>		Allowance		Loans		Recognized
Impaired loans with a related allowance for loan losses:										
Real estate mortgage	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Production and intermediate-term		553		1,229		475		871		
Agribusiness		15,138		15,568		3,055		5,363		
Other		2,227		2,378		533		2,457		
Total	\$	17,918	\$	19,175	\$	4,063	\$	8,691	\$	
Impaired loans with no related allowance for loan losses:										
Real estate mortgage	\$	8,307	\$	10,832	\$		\$	9,155	\$	1,247
Production and intermediate-term	•	2,290	*	3,162	*		•	2,453	*	199
Agribusiness		771		1,659				924		15
Other								110		
Total	\$	11,368	\$	15,653	\$		\$	12,642	\$	1,461
Total impaired loans:										
Real estate mortgage	\$	8,307	\$	10,832	\$		\$	9,155	\$	1,247
Production and intermediate-term		2,843		4,391		475		3,324		199
Agribusiness		15,909		17,227		3,055		6,287		15
Other		2,227		2,378		533		2,567		
Total	\$	29,286	\$	34,828	\$	4,063	\$	21,333	\$	1,461

	As of December 31, 2021							For the year ended December 31, 2021		
		Recorded Investment <sup>1</sup>		Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>2</sup>		Related Allowance		Average Impaired Loans		Interest Income Recognized
Impaired loans with a related allowance for loan losses:										
Real estate mortgage	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Production and intermediate-term	Ψ	1,441	Ψ	1,945	Ψ	779	Ψ	1,533	Ψ	
Agribusiness		24		52		3		28		
Other		2,432		2,578		540		2,104		
Total	\$	3,897	•		\$	1,322	\$	3,665	•	
Total	Ψ	3,091	Ψ	4,575	φ	1,322	Ψ	3,003	φ	
Impaired loans with no related allowance for loan losses:										
Real estate mortgage	\$	7,752	\$	9,857	\$		\$	9,652	\$	1,117
Production and intermediate-term		2,719		3,326				2,746		244
Agribusiness		756		1,732				759		19
Other								230		
Total	\$	11,227	\$	14,915	\$		\$	13,387	\$	1,380
Total impaired leans.										
Total impaired loans:	\$	7 750	<b>c</b>	9,857	æ		\$	0.652	œ	1 117
Real estate mortgage	Ф	7,752	Ф		Ф	770	Ф	9,652	Ф	1,117
Production and intermediate-term		4,160		5,271		779		4,279		244
Agribusiness		780		1,784		3		787		19
Other		2,432		2,578		540		2,334		
Total	\$	15,124	\$	19,490	\$	1,322	\$	17,052	\$	1,380
		As	of De	cember 31, 20	020			For the y		
				Unpaid				Average		Interest
		Recorded		Principal		Related		Impaired		Income
		Investment <sup>1</sup>		Balance <sup>2</sup>		Allowance		Loans		Recognized
Impaired loans with a related allowance for loan losses:										
Real estate mortgage	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Production and intermediate-term		1,553		1,956		1,004		4,000		
Agribusiness		32		55		9		2,388		
Other								2,278		
Total	\$	1,585	\$	2,011	\$	1,013	\$	8,666	\$	
Impaired loans with no related allowance for loan losses:										
•	\$	10,566	Ф	12,588	Ф		\$	12,025	¢	1,827
Real estate mortgage Production and intermediate-term	Φ	5,509	φ	6,121	φ		φ	3,841	φ	1,034
				1,823						1,034
Agribusiness		768						1,087		
Other								734		
Total	\$	16,843	\$	20,532	\$		\$	17,687	\$	2,911
Total impaired loans:										
Real estate mortgage	\$	10,566	\$	12,588	\$		\$	12,025	\$	1,827
Production and intermediate-term		7,062		8,077		1,004		7,841		1,034
Agribusiness		800		1,878		9		3,475		50
Other								3,012		
Total	\$	18,428	\$	22,543	\$	1,013	\$	26,353	\$	2,911
iolai	φ	10,420	Ψ	22,543	Ψ	1,013	φ	20,000	Ψ	۱۱ ت,ک

Note: Impaired loans include purchased credit-impaired loans.

We had no material commitments to lend additional money to borrowers whose loans were classified as risk loans at December 31, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The recorded investment is the unpaid principal amount of the receivable increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, acquisition costs, and unamortized adjustments to fair value on loans acquired through merger and may also reflect a previous direct charge-off of the investment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Unpaid principal balance represents the contractual principal balance of the loan.

#### **Troubled Debt Restructurings (TDRs)**

Included within our risk loans are TDRs. These loans have been modified by granting a concession to maximize the collection of amounts due when a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. All risk loans, including TDRs, are analyzed within our allowance for loan losses.

#### **TDR Activity**

(in thousands)												
For the year ended December 31	2022				20		2020					
	Pre-r	nodification	Post-	-modification	Pre-r	nodification	Post	t-modification	Pre-	modification	Post	-modification
Real estate mortgage	\$	2,321	\$	2,336	\$	1,856	\$	1,856	\$	264	\$	264
Production and intermediate-term		566		566		1,081		1,081		1,400		1,400
Agribusiness						1,443		1,443		37		37
Total	\$	2,887	\$	2,902	\$	4,380	\$	4,380	\$	1,701	\$	1,701

Pre-modification represents the outstanding recorded investment of the loan just prior to restructuring and post-modification represents the outstanding recorded investment of the loan immediately following the restructuring. The recorded investment is the unpaid principal amount of the receivable increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, acquisition costs, and unamortized adjustments to fair value on loans acquired through the merger and may also reflect a previous direct charge-off of the investment.

The primary types of modification included interest rate reduction below market, deferral of principal, and extension of maturity.

There were no TDRs that defaulted during the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, or 2020, in which the modification was within twelve months of the respective reporting period.

TDRs Outstanding			
(in thousands) As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Accrual status:  Real estate mortgage  Production and intermediate-term  Agribusiness	\$ 4,392 34 	\$ 1,205 1,117 	\$ 515 1,467 
Total TDRs in accrual status	\$ 4,426	\$ 2,322	\$ 1,982
Nonaccrual status:  Real estate mortgage  Production and intermediate-term  Agribusiness	\$ 1,147 613 765	\$ 1,287 161 770	\$ 1,666 248 19
Total TDRs in nonaccrual status	\$ 2,525	\$ 2,218	\$ 1,933
Total TDRs:  Real estate mortgage  Production and intermediate-term  Agribusiness	\$ 5,539 647 765	\$ 2,492 1,278 770	\$ 2,181 1,715 19
Total TDRs	\$ 6,951	\$ 4,540	\$ 3,915

There were no commitments to lend to borrowers whose loans have been modified in a TDR at December 31, 2022.

#### **Allowance for Loan Losses**

Changes in Allowance for Loan Losse	es			
(in thousands)				
For the year ended December 31		2022	2021	2020
Balance at beginning of year	\$	22,946 \$	22,344 \$	26,974
Provision for loan losses		7,076	490	(3,598)
Loan recoveries		49	149	274
Loan charge-offs		(3)	(37)	(1,306)
Balance at end of year	\$	30,068 \$	22,946 \$	22,344

The "Provision for credit losses" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income includes a provision for loan losses as presented in the previous chart, as well as a provision for credit losses on unfunded commitments. The reserve for unfunded commitments are recorded in "Other liabilities" in the Consolidated Statements of Condition. Typically, the reserve for unfunded commitments is relieved and replaced with an allowance for loan loss as the related commitments are funded.

# **Credit Loss Information on Unfunded Commitments**

(in thousands) For the year ended December 31 2022 2021 2020 Provision for credit losses \$ (2,130) \$ 484 \$ 844 2022 2020 As of December 31 2021 Reserve for unfunded commitments 2,192 \$ 4,322 \$ 3,838

# Changes in Allowance for Loan Losses and Year End Recorded Investments by Loan Type

-		Real Estate		Production and						
(in thousands)		Mortgage	Int	ermediate-Term		Agribusiness		Other		Total
Allowance for loan losses:					_				_	
Balance as of December 31, 2021 Provision for loan losses	\$	1,799	\$	9,769	\$	8,702	\$	2,676	\$	22,946
Loan recoveries		(334)		(2,153) 18		8,007 29		1,556		7,076 49
Loan charge-offs		(3)								(3)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$	1,464	\$	7,634	\$	16,738	\$	4,232	\$	30,068
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$		\$	475	\$	3,055	\$	533	\$	4,063
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	1,464	\$	7,159	\$	13,683	\$	3,699	\$	26,005
Recorded investment in loans outstanding:										
Ending balance as of December 31, 2022	\$	4,699,186	\$	2,729,731	\$	3,045,278	\$	1,297,886	\$	11,772,081
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$	8,307	\$	2,843	\$	15,909	\$	2,227	\$	29,286
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	4,690,879	\$	2,726,888	\$	3,029,369	\$	1,295,659	\$	11,742,795
		Real Estate		Production and						
		Mortgage	Int	ermediate-Term		Agribusiness		Other		Total
Allowance for loan losses:		Mortgago		ormodiate rem		7 (9110 4011 1000		Othor		Total
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$	2.855	\$	9.264	\$	8.611	\$	1.614	\$	22,344
Provision for loan losses	Ψ	(1,169)	Ψ	525	Ψ	72	Ψ	1,062	Ψ	490
Loan recoveries		114		16		19				149
Loan charge-offs		(1)		(36)						(37)
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	1,799	\$	9,769	\$	8,702	\$	2,676	\$	22,946
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$		\$	779	\$	3	\$	540	\$	1,322
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	1,799	\$	8,990	\$	8,699	\$	2,136	\$	21,624
Recorded investment in loans outstanding:										
Ending balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	3,986,007	\$	2,130,320	\$	2,259,830	\$	808,236	\$	9,184,393
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$	7,752	\$	4,160	\$	780	\$	2,432	\$	15,124
Lituing balance. Individually evaluated for impairment	÷		_		_		_	=,=	_	

	Real Estate		Production and Intermediate-Term						
	Mortgage				Agribusiness		Other		Total
Allowance for loan losses:									
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 2,672	\$	11,641	\$	9,058	\$	3,603	\$	26,974
Provision for loan losses	(64)		(2,283)		(459)		(792)		(3,598)
Loan recoveries	247		15		12				274
Loan charge-offs	 		(109)				(1,197)		(1,306)
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ 2,855	\$	9,264	\$	8,611	\$	1,614	\$	22,344
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 	\$	1,004	\$	9	\$		\$	1,013
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 2,855	\$	8,260	\$	8,602	\$	1,614	\$	21,331
Recorded investment in loans outstanding:									
Ending balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ 3,707,815	\$	2,085,142	\$	2,035,081	\$	724,800	\$	8,552,838
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 10,566	\$	7,062	\$	800	\$		\$	18,428
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 3,697,249	\$	2,078,080	\$	2,034,281	\$	724,800	\$	8,534,410

The recorded investment is the unpaid principal amount of the receivable increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, acquisition costs, and unamortized adjustments to fair value on loans acquired through merger and may also reflect a previous direct charge-off of the investment.

#### **NOTE 4: INVESTMENT IN AGRIBANK**

As of December 31, 2022, we were required by AgriBank to maintain an investment equal to 2.55% of the average quarterly balance of our note payable.

We are also required to hold AgriBank stock related to our participation in pool programs. The required investment amount varies by pool program and is generally a percentage of the loan balance in the pool.

AgriBank's capital plan provides for annual retirement of AgriBank stock and optimizes capital at AgriBank by distributing all available AgriBank earnings in the form of patronage, either in cash or stock. The plan is designed to maintain capital adequacy such that sufficient earnings will be retained in the form of allocated retained earnings and allocated stock to meet the leverage ratio target and other regulatory or policy constraints prior to any cash patronage distributions.

# NOTE 5: NOTE PAYABLE TO AGRIBANK

Our note payable to AgriBank represents borrowings, in the form of a line of credit, to fund our loan portfolio. The line of credit is governed by a GFA and substantially all of our assets serve as collateral.

#### Note Payable Information

(dollars in thousands) As of December 31 2022 2021 2020 Line of credit 11,600,000 \$ 10.000.000 \$ 10.000.000 Outstanding principal under the line of credit 9,525,137 7,381,040 6,832,777 Interest rate 3.4% 1.1% 1 2%

Our note payable is scheduled to mature on December 31, 2024. We intend to renegotiate the note payable no later than the maturity date.

The GFA provides for limitations on our ability to borrow funds based on specified factors or formulas relating primarily to outstanding balances, credit quality, and financial condition. Additionally, we have requirements to maintain an effective program of internal controls over financial reporting. At December 31, 2022, and throughout the year, we were not declared in default under any GFA covenants or provisions.

#### **NOTE 6: MEMBERS' EQUITY**

# **Capitalization Requirements**

In accordance with the Farm Credit Act, each member is required to invest in AgCountry as a condition of obtaining a loan. As authorized by the Agricultural Credit Act and our capital bylaws, the Board of Directors has adopted a capital plan that establishes a stock purchase requirement for obtaining a loan of 2.0% of the customer's total loan(s) or one thousand dollars, whichever is less, or such greater amount of such member's aggregate outstanding loan balance as may be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time. The Board of Directors has established a stock requirement for loans of one thousand dollars at a customer level. The ACA and its subsidiaries, PCA and FLCA, are also authorized by FCA to offer approved financial services to persons eligible to borrow from the System. The investment requirement for each purchaser of crop insurance that is not a stock or participation certificate holder is a single \$5.00 participation certificate in the ACA. The Board of Directors may increase the amount of required investment to the extent authorized in the capital bylaws.

The member acquires ownership of capital stock or participation certificates at the time the loan is made. Members are not currently required to make a cash investment to acquire capital stock or participation certificates. However, their obligation to pay for the capital stock or participation certificates is maintained as an interest free obligation with AgCountry, which is reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Condition as a contra line item titled "Capital stock and participation certificates receivable". The capital stock and participation certificates are at-risk investments as described in the AgCountry capital bylaws. AgCountry retains a first lien on common stock or participation certificates owned by its members. Stock is retired in accordance with AgCountry bylaws. Members are responsible for payment of the cash investment upon demand by AgCountry.

#### **Regulatory Capitalization Requirements**

Regulatory Capital Requirements and Ratios						
				Regulatory	Capital Conservation	
As of December 31	2022	2021	2020	Minimums	Buffer	Total
Risk-adjusted:						
Common equity tier 1 ratio	16.6%	17.6%	18.1%	4.5%	2.5%	7.0%
Tier 1 capital ratio	16.6%	17.6%	18.1%	6.0%	2.5%	8.5%
Total capital ratio	16.8%	17.9%	18.4%	8.0%	2.5%	10.5%
Permanent capital ratio	16.6%	17.7%	18.1%	7.0%	N/A	7.0%
Non-risk-adjusted:						
Tier 1 leverage ratio	19.2%	20.3%	20.4%	4.0%	1.0%	5.0%
Unallocated retained earnings and equivalents leverage ratio	19.2%	21.6%	21.7%	1.5%	N/A	1.5%

Risk-adjusted assets have been defined by the FCA Regulations as the Statement of Condition assets and off-balance-sheet commitments adjusted by various percentages, depending on the level of risk inherent in the various types of assets.

Risk-adjusted assets is calculated differently for the permanent capital ratio (referred herein as PCR risk-adjusted assets) compared to the other risk-based capital ratios. The primary difference is the inclusion of the allowance for loan losses as a deduction to risk-adjusted assets for the permanent capital ratio.

These ratios are based on a three-month average daily balance in accordance with the FCA Regulations and are calculated as follows (not all items below may be applicable to our Association):

- Common equity tier 1 ratio is statutory minimum purchased member stock, other required member stock held for a minimum of 7 years,
  allocated equities held for a minimum of 7 years or not subject to retirement, unallocated retained earnings as regulatorily prescribed, paid-in
  capital, less certain regulatory required deductions including the amount of allocated investments in other System institutions, and the amount
  of purchased investments in other System institutions under the corresponding deduction approach, divided by average risk-adjusted assets.
- Tier 1 capital ratio is common equity tier 1 plus non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock, divided by average risk-adjusted assets.
- Total capital is tier 1 capital plus other required member stock held for a minimum of 5 years, allocated equities held for a minimum of 5 years, subordinated debt, and limited-life preferred stock greater than 5 years to maturity at issuance subject to certain limitations, allowance for loan losses and reserve for credit losses subject to certain limitations, less certain investments in other System institutions under the corresponding deduction approach, divided by average risk-adjusted assets.
- Permanent capital ratio is all at-risk borrower stock, any allocated excess stock, unallocated retained earnings as regulatorily prescribed, paid-in
  capital, subordinated debt, and preferred stock subject to certain limitations, less certain allocated and purchased investments in other System
  institutions divided by PCR risk-adjusted assets.
- Tier 1 leverage ratio is tier 1 capital, including regulatory deductions, divided by average assets less regulatory deductions subject to tier 1 capital.
- Unallocated retained earnings and equivalents leverage ratio is unallocated retained earnings as regulatorily prescribed, paid-in capital, allocated surplus not subject to retirement less certain regulatory required deductions including the amount of allocated investments in other System institutions divided by average assets less regulatory deductions subject to tier 1 capital.

If the capital ratios fall below the total requirements, including the buffer amounts, capital distributions (equity redemptions, dividends, and patronage) and discretionary senior executive bonuses are restricted or prohibited without prior FCA approval.

# **Description of Equities**

The following represents information regarding classes and number of shares of stock and participation certificates outstanding. All shares and participation certificates are stated at a \$5.00 par value.

	Nu	Number of Shares		
As of December 31	2022	2021	2020	
Class B common stock (at-risk)	2,588,692	2,308,229	2,319,311	
Class E participation certificates (at-risk)	40,141	42,827	67,943	

Under our bylaws, we are also authorized to issue Class C and Class D common stock. Each of these classes of common stock is at-risk and nonvoting with a \$5.00 par value per share. Currently, no stock of these classes has been issued.

Only holders of Class B common stock, whether held jointly or individually, have voting rights. Our bylaws do not prohibit us from paying dividends on any classes of stock. However, no dividends have been declared to date.

Our bylaws generally permit stock and participation certificates to be retired at the discretion of our Board of Directors and in accordance with our capitalization plans, provided prescribed capital standards have been met. At December 31, 2022, we exceeded the prescribed standards. We do not anticipate any significant changes in capital that would affect the normal retirement of stock.

In the event of our liquidation or dissolution, according to our bylaws, any assets remaining after payment or retirement of all liabilities shall be distributed pro rata to all holders of stock.

In the event of stock impairment, losses will be absorbed by concurrent impairment of all classes of stock.

All classes of stock are transferable to other customers who are eligible to hold such class as long as we meet the regulatory minimum capital requirements.

#### **Patronage Distributions**

We accrued patronage distributions of \$83.5 million, \$67.5 million, and \$64.0 million at December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Generally, the patronage distributions are paid in cash during the first quarter after year end. The Board of Directors may authorize a distribution of earnings provided we meet all statutory and regulatory requirements.

If the capital ratios fall below the total requirements, including the buffer amounts, capital distributions (equity redemptions, dividends, and patronage) and discretionary senior executive bonuses are restricted or prohibited without prior FCA approval.

## **NOTE 7: INCOME TAXES**

#### **Provision for Income Taxes**

Provision for Income Taxes				
(dollars in thousands)				
For the year ended December 31		2022	2021	2020
Current:				
Federal	\$	713 \$	(1,607) \$	(866)
Total current	\$	713 \$	(1,607) \$	(866)
Deferred:				
Federal	\$	(549) \$	1,840 \$	927
State		157	176	63
Total deferred		(392)	2,016	990
Provision for income taxes	\$	321 \$	409 \$	124
Effective tax rate		0.2%	0.2%	0.1%
Reconciliation of Taxes at Federal Statutory R	ate to Provision for Inc	ome Taxes		
in thousands)				
For the year ended December 31		2022	2021	202
Federal tax at statutory rates	\$	43,854 \$	37,351 \$	38,59
State tax, net		(16)	207	9
Patronage distributions		(1,850)	(3,039)	(5,31
Effect of non-taxable entity		(42,159)	(32,294)	(32,367

# **Deferred Income Taxes**

Other

Provision for income taxes

Tax laws require certain items to be included in our tax returns at different times than the items are reflected on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Some of these items are temporary differences that will reverse over time. We record the tax effect of temporary differences as deferred tax assets and liabilities netted on our Consolidated Statements of Condition.

492

321

(1,816)

409

\$

(886)

124

#### **Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities**

(in thousands) As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Allowance for loan losses	\$ 2,355	\$ 2,969	\$ 3,150
Accrued incentive	405	200	1,111
Accrued patronage income not received		(987)	(725)
Accrued pension asset	(6,518)	(4,894)	(3,818)
Other assets	3,755	1,968	1,545
Other liabilities	 (1,302)	(1,145)	(1,136)
Deferred tax (liabilities) assets	\$ (1,305)	\$ (1,889)	\$ 127
Gross deferred tax assets	\$ 6,515	\$ 5,137	\$ 5,806
Gross deferred tax liabilities	\$ (7,820)	\$ (7,026)	\$ (5,679)

A valuation allowance for the deferred tax assets was not necessary at December 31, 2022, 2021, or 2020.

We have not provided for deferred income taxes on patronage allocations received from AgriBank prior to 1993. Such allocations, distributed in the form of stock, are subject to tax only upon conversion to cash. Our intent is to permanently maintain this investment in AgriBank. Our total permanent investment in AgriBank is \$39.9 million. Additionally, we have not provided deferred income taxes on accumulated FLCA earnings of \$1.6 billion as it is our intent to permanently maintain this equity in the FLCA or to distribute the earnings to members in a manner that results in no additional tax liability to us.

Our income tax returns are subject to review by various United States taxing authorities. We record accruals for items that we believe may be challenged by these taxing authorities. However, we had no material uncertain income tax positions at December 31, 2022. In addition, we believe we are no longer subject to income tax examinations for years prior to 2019.

#### **NOTE 8: EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS**

#### **Pension and Post-Employment Benefit Plans**

Complete financial information for the pension and post-employment benefit plans may be found in the AgriBank 2022 Annual Report.

The Farm Credit Foundations Plan Sponsor and Trust Committees provide oversight of the benefit plans for which AgriBank and District associations are participating employers. These governance committees are comprised of elected or appointed representatives (senior leadership and/or Board of Director members) from the participating organizations. The Plan Sponsor Committee is responsible for employer decisions regarding all benefit plans including retirement benefits. These decisions could include plan design changes, vendor changes, determination of employer subsidies (if any), and termination of specific benefit plans. Any action to change or terminate the retirement plan can only occur at the direction of the AgriBank District participating employers. The Trust Committee is responsible for fiduciary and plan administrative functions.

Pension Plan: Certain employees participate in the AgriBank District Retirement Plan, a District-wide multi-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The Department of Labor has determined the plan to be a governmental plan; therefore, the plan is not subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA). As the plan is not subject to ERISA, the plan's benefits are not insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation. Accordingly, the amount of accumulated benefits that participants would receive in the event of the plan's termination is contingent on the sufficiency of the plan's net assets to provide benefits at that time. This plan is noncontributory and covers certain eligible District employees. The assets, liabilities, and costs of the plan are not segregated by participating entities. As such, plan assets are available for any of the participating employers' retirees at any point in time. Additionally, if a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers. Further, if we choose to stop participating in the plan, we may be required to pay an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan. Because of the nature of the plan, any individual employer is not able to unilaterally change the provisions of the plan. If an employee transfers to another employer within the same plan, the employee benefits under the plan transfer. Benefits are based on salary and years of service. There is no collective bargaining agreement in place as part of this plan.

# AgriBank District Retirement Plan Information

(in thousands)			
As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Unfunded liability	\$ 87,688	\$ 46,421	\$ 169,640
Projected benefit obligation	1,204,130	1,500,238	1,563,421
Fair value of plan assets	1,116,442	1,453,817	1,393,781
Accumulated benefit obligation	1,083,610	1,384,554	1,426,270
For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020
Total plan expense	\$ 30,475	\$ 28,048	\$ 42,785
Our allocated share of plan expenses	4,496	3,998	5,895
Contributions by participating employers	90,385	90,000	90,000
Our allocated share of contributions	14,254	12,833	12,561

The unfunded liability reflects the net of the fair value of the plan assets and the projected benefit obligation at December 31. The projected benefit obligation is the actuarial present value of all benefits attributed by the pension benefit formula to employee service rendered prior to the measurement date based on assumed future compensation levels. The accumulated benefit obligation is the actuarial present value of the benefits attributed to employee service rendered before the measurement date and based on current employee service and compensation. The funding status is subject to many variables including performance of plan assets and interest rate levels. Therefore, changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

Costs are determined for each individual employer based on costs directly related to their current employees as well as an allocation of the remaining costs based proportionately on the estimated projected liability of the employer under this plan. We recognize our proportional share of expense and contribute a proportional share of funding.

Benefits paid to participants in the District were \$132.1 million in 2022. While the plan is a governmental plan and is not subject to minimum funding requirements, the employers contribute amounts necessary on an actuarial basis to provide the plan with sufficient assets to meet the benefits to be paid to participants. The amount of the total District employer contributions expected to be paid into the pension plan during 2023 is \$45.0 million. Our allocated share of these pension contributions is expected to be \$7.1 million. The amount ultimately to be contributed and the amount ultimately recognized as expense as well as the timing of those contributions and expenses, are subject to many variables including performance of plan assets and interest rate levels. These variables could result in actual contributions and expenses being greater than or less than the amounts reflected in the District financial statements.

**Nonqualified Retirement Plan:** We also participate in the District-wide nonqualified defined benefit Pension Restoration Plan. This plan restores retirement benefits to certain highly compensated eligible employees that would have been provided under the qualified plan if such benefits were not above certain Internal Revenue Code limits.

# Pension Restoration Plan Information

(in thousands)

(III tilousulus)			
As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Our unfunded liability	\$ 12,289	\$ 12,862	\$ 12,157
For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020
Our cash contributions	\$ 1,606	\$ 1,702	\$ 1,636

The nonqualified plan is funded as the benefits are paid; therefore, there are no assets in the plan and the unfunded liability is equal to the projected benefit obligation. The amount of the pension benefits funding status is subject to many variables including interest rate levels. Therefore, changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

Costs are determined for each individual employer based on costs directly related to their participants in the plan. The Pension Restoration Plan is unfunded and we make annual contributions to fund benefits paid to our retirees covered by the plan. Our cash contributions are equal to the benefits paid. There were no benefits paid under the Pension Restoration Plan to our senior officers who were actively employed during the year.

Retiree Medical Plans: District employers also provide certain health insurance benefits to eligible retired employees according to the terms of the benefit plans. The anticipated costs of these benefits are accrued during the period of the employee's active status. Net periodic benefit cost is included in "Salaries and employee benefits" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Postretirement benefit costs related to the retiree medical plans were not considered material for any of the years presented. Our cash contributions were equal to the benefits paid.

# **Defined Contribution Plans**

We participate in a District-wide defined contribution plan. For employees hired before January 1, 2007, employee contributions are matched dollar for dollar up to 2.0% and 50 cents on the dollar on the next 4.0% on both pre-tax and post-tax contributions. The maximum employer match is 4.0%. For employees hired after December 31, 2006, we contribute 3.0% of the employee's compensation and will match employee contributions dollar for dollar up to a maximum of 6.0% on both pre-tax and post-tax contributions. The maximum employer contribution is 9.0%.

We also participate in a District-wide Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan. Eligible participants must meet one of the following criteria: certain salary thresholds as determined by the IRS, are either a Chief Executive Officer or President of a participating employer or have previously elected pretax deferrals in 2006 under predecessor nonqualified deferred compensation plans. Under this plan the employee may defer a portion of his/her salary, bonus, and other compensation. Additionally, the plan provides for supplemental employer matching contributions related to any compensation deferred by the employee that would have been eligible for a matching contribution under the defined contribution plan if it were not for certain IRS limitations.

Employer contribution expenses for the defined contribution plan, included in "Salaries and employee benefits" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, were \$5.1 million, \$3.7 million, and \$3.6 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. These expenses were equal to our cash contributions for each year.

#### **NOTE 9: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

In the ordinary course of business, we may enter into loan transactions with our officers, directors, their immediate family members, and other organizations with which such persons may be associated. Such transactions may be subject to special approval requirements contained in the FCA Regulations and are made on the same terms, including interest rates, amortization schedules, and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with other persons. In our opinion, none of these loans outstanding at December 31, 2022, involved more than a normal risk of collectability.

#### **Related Party Loans Information**

(in thousands) As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Total related party loans	\$ 39,347	\$ 51,747	\$ 40,869
For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020
Advances to related parties	\$ 108,517	\$ 83,520	\$ 72,026
Repayments by related parties	101,431	71,459	66,648

The related parties can be different each year end primarily due to changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and the mix of organizations with which such persons may be associated. Advances and repayments on loans in the preceding chart are related to those considered related parties at each respective year end.

As described in Note 5, we borrow from AgriBank, in the form of a line of credit, to fund our loan portfolio. All interest expense, as shown on the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, was paid to AgriBank.

Total patronage from AgriBank, which includes a partnership distribution from AgDirect, LLP, was \$59.1 million, \$49.9 million, and \$50.0 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Patronage income for 2022 and 2021 was received in cash and AgriBank stock. Patronage income for 2020 was received in cash.

In addition, we received compensation from AgriBank for servicing loans of \$0.5 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020.

Refer to Note 3 for information on participations sold to AgriBank and Note 4 for stock investment in AgriBank information.

As of December 31, 2022, we purchased certain business services from AgriBank. Until the formation of SunStream Business Services (SunStream) on April 1, 2020, we also purchased tax reporting and insurance services from AgriBank. These services are now purchased from SunStream. We also purchase human resource, benefit, payroll, and workforce management services from Farm Credit Foundations (Foundations). SunStream and Foundations are both System service corporations within the AgriBank District and the costs incurred are included in the table below in AgriBank District purchased services. In addition to the services we purchase from AgriBank, SunStream, and Foundations, we also hold an investment in AgriBank and Foundations.

Our customer relationship, reporting, internet, network security, loan accounting, loan origination, and general ledger systems are provided by Farm Credit Financial Partners, Inc. (FPI), a System service corporation, which provides technology and other operational services to its owners. In addition, we hold an equity investment in FPI.

## Additional Related Party Information

(in thousands)			
As of December 31	2022	2021	2020
Investment in AgriBank	\$ 336,682	\$ 227,709	\$ 212,294
Investment in AgDirect, LLP	9,689	8,035	4,015
Investment in Foundations	96	80	80
Investment in FPI	3,958	3,934	3,531
For the year ended December 31	2022	2021	2020
AgriBank District purchased services	\$ 3,010	\$ 1,272	\$ 936
FPI purchased services	11,832	10,786	11,592

## **NOTE 10: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

In the normal course of business, we have various contingent liabilities and commitments outstanding, which may not be reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements. We do not anticipate any material losses because of these contingencies or commitments.

We may be named as a defendant in certain lawsuits or legal actions in the normal course of business. At the date of these Consolidated Financial Statements, our management team was not aware of any material actions. However, management cannot ensure that such actions or other contingencies will not arise in the future.

We have commitments to extend credit and letters of credit to satisfy the financing needs of our borrowers. These financial instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized on the financial statements. Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a

borrower as long as there is not a violation of any condition established in the loan contract. Standby letters of credit are agreements to pay a beneficiary if there is a default on a contractual arrangement. At December 31, 2022, we had commitments to extend credit and unexercised commitments related to standby letters of credit of \$4.6 billion. We had \$67.5 million of issued standby letters of credit as of December 31, 2022.

Commitments to extend credit and letters of credit generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and we may require payment of a fee. If commitments to extend credit and letters of credit remain unfulfilled or have not expired, they may have credit risk not recognized in the financial statements. Many of the commitments to extend credit and letters of credit will expire without being fully drawn upon. Therefore, the total commitments do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Certain letters of credit may have recourse provisions that would enable us to recover from third parties amounts paid under guarantees, thereby limiting our maximum potential exposure. The credit risk involved in issuing these financial instruments is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to borrowers and we apply the same credit policies. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by us upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower.

## **NOTE 11: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Accounting guidance also establishes a fair value hierarchy, with three input levels that may be used to measure fair value. Refer to Note 2 for a more complete description of the three input levels.

We did not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2022, 2021, or 2020.

#### **Non-Recurring Basis**

We may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

#### Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

(in thousands) As of December 31, 2022	Fair Value Measurement Using						
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total	Fair Value
Impaired loans	\$	\$	-	\$	14,548	\$	14,548
As of December 31, 2021		Fair Val	lue Measurement	Using		_	
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total	Fair Value
Impaired loans	\$	(		\$	2,704	\$	2,704
As of December 31, 2020		Fair Val	lue Measurement	Using		_	
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total	Fair Value
Impaired loans	\$	(	\$	\$	601	\$	601

## **Valuation Techniques**

Impaired Loans: Represents the carrying amount of loans which were evaluated for individual impairment based on the appraised value of the underlying collateral. When the value of the collateral, less estimated costs to sell, is less than the principal balance of the loan, a specific reserve is established. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the asset's fair value. If the process uses observable market-based information, they are classified as Level 2. If the process requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the collateral and other matters, they are classified as Level 3.

## **NOTE 12: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

We have evaluated subsequent events through March 7, 2023, which is the date the Consolidated Financial Statements were available to be issued. There have been no material subsequent events that would require recognition in our 2022 Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosure in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# DISCLOSURE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY REGULATIONS

AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (Unaudited)

#### **Description of Business**

General information regarding the Association is incorporated herein by reference from Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report.

The description of significant business developments, if any, is incorporated herein by reference from the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this Annual Report.

#### **Description of Property**

#### **Property Information**

Location	Description	Usage	Location	Description	Usage
Ada, MN	Owned	Branch	Lisbon, ND	Owned	Branch
Alexandria, MN	Owned	Branch	Litchfield, MN	Leased	Branch
Bottineau, ND	Owned	Branch	Madison, MN	Owned	Branch
Bowbells, ND	Leased	Bowbells Crop Insurance Office	Marshall, MN	Owned	Branch
Carrington, ND	Owned	Branch	Marshfield, WI	Owned	Branch
Cavalier, ND	Owned	Branch	Medford, WI	Owned	Branch
Crookston, MN	Owned	Branch	Minot, ND	Owned	Branch
Crosby, ND	Owned	Branch	Minot, ND	Owned	Ward County Crop Insurance Office
Crosby, ND	Owned	Commercial Lot	Morris, MN	Owned	Branch
Detroit Lakes, MN	Owned	Branch	Olivia, MN	Owned	Branch
Devils Lake, ND	Owned	Branch	Redwood Falls, MN	Owned	Branch
Elbow Lake, MN*	Owned	Branch	Roseau, MN	Owned	Branch
Fargo, ND	Owned	Headquarters/Branch	Rugby, ND	Owned	Branch
Fergus Falls, MN	Owned	Branch	St. Louis Park, MN	Leased	Branch
Fosston, MN	Owned	Branch	Stevens Point, WI	Owned	Branch
Graceville, MN	Owned	Branch	Thief River Falls, MN	Leased	Branch
Grafton, ND	Owned	Branch	Thorp, WI	Owned	Branch
Grand Forks, ND	Owned	Branch	Valley City, ND	Owned	Branch
Hallock, MN	Owned	Branch	Wahpeton, ND	Owned	Branch
Hillsboro, ND	Owned	Branch	Warren, MN	Owned	Branch
Jamestown, ND	Owned	Branch	Wausau, WI	Owned	Branch
LaMoure, ND	Owned	Branch	Williston, ND	Owned	Branch
Langdon, ND	Owned	Branch	Willmar, MN	Owned	Branch

<sup>\*</sup>We began operating in our new Elbow Lake branch located at 610 Industrial Park Blvd. during January 2023. The old branch, located at 17 1st Street NE, has been closed and the property is expected to be sold in early 2023.

# **Legal Proceedings**

Information regarding legal proceedings is included in Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report. We were not subject to any enforcement actions as of December 31, 2022.

# **Description of Capital Structure**

Information regarding our capital structure is included in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report.

## **Description of Liabilities**

Information regarding liabilities is included in Notes 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report. All debt and other liabilities in the financial statements are uninsured.

## Selected Financial Data

The Consolidated Five-Year Summary of Selected Financial Data is presented at the beginning of this Annual Report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Information regarding any material aspects of our financial condition, changes in financial condition, and results of operations are discussed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this Annual Report.

#### **Board of Directors**

Our Board of Directors is organized into the following committees to carry out Board responsibilities:

- The **Audit Committee** fulfills oversight responsibilities in relation to the quality of financial reporting and internal controls including those relating to accounting and reporting practices of the Association; those relating to the internal and external auditor; and to serve as an independent and objective party to review the financial information presented by management to shareholders, regulators, and the general public. The Committee also oversees the adequacy of management's actions with respect to recommendations arising from auditing activities.
- The Human Resources and Compensation Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling its responsibilities concerning evaluation, development, and compensation of the CEO. The Committee reviews and approves the overall compensation policy and programs for senior officers and reviews compensation programs for all other Association employees. The Committee also provides overall direction and/or recommendations concerning benefit programs and other human resource areas.
- The Governance and Strategy Committee addresses corporate governance issues and continuing efforts to strengthen and renew the Board of Directors and provides oversight of long-term strategy direction. The Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling its fiduciary responsibilities relating to the director nomination and election process, membership representation, Board of Directors education and development, policies, bylaws, and standards of conduct/ethics development and review. Committee members also identify, attract, and recommend appointed director candidates as openings occur. The Committee also assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities relating to long-term strategy and strategic direction for the Association, including risk and opportunities relating to such strategy and its alignment with the mission of the Farm Credit System.
- The **Risk Management Committee** assists the Board of Directors in overseeing the integration of risk management in our organization through a formal enterprise risk management process. The Committee monitors the risk framework of the organization, promotes effective management of all risks, and fosters the establishment and maintenance of an effective risk culture throughout the organization.

#### Board of Directors as of December 31, 2022, including business experience during the last five years

Name	Principal occupation and other business affiliations
Greg Sabolik Board Chair Board Service Began: 2013 Current Term Expires: 2025	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain and dairy farmer President: Bred and Butter Dairy Vice President: Sabolik Brothers, a grain farm
Lynn Pietig Board Vice Chair Board Service Began: 2015 Current Term Expires: 2023	Principal occupation: Owner of Pietig Book-Works, an accounting and tax practice Self-employed grain and livestock farmer Other business affiliations: Treasurer: Morgan Memorial Foundation Inc., a nursing home and assisted living facility
Leif Aakre Board Service Began: 2011 Current Term Expires: 2023	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain farmer
Suzanne Allen Appointed Outside Director Financial Expert Board Service Began: 2011 Current Term Expires: 2023	Principal occupation: President of Allen CFO Services, a consulting company (May 2020-present) CFO of Unity Holdings, Inc., a holding company (May 2019-April 2020) CFO of Compudyne, a technology company (September 2016-May 2019) Other business affiliations: Director: American Transmission Company, owns and operates high-voltage electric transmission systems
Bryan Ankenbauer Board Service Began: 2005 Current Term Expires: 2025	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain farmer Other business affiliations: Partner: EG Acres LLC, a farm management company
Justin Dagen Board Service Began: 2018 Current Term Expires: 2026	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain and sugar beet farmer and certified seed potato grower Other business affiliations: Board Chair: Board of Supervisors Spring Brook Township, a county government Board Member: Heritage Christian School, K-12 education
Kurt Elliott Board Service Began: 2016 Current Term Expires: 2024	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain and livestock farmer Other business affiliations: Commissioner: Traill County Commission, a political subdivision Board Member: Lake Agassiz Regional Development Board, a nonprofit economic development organization

Name	Principal occupation and other business affiliations
Mark Ellison Board Service Began: 1995 Current Term Expires: 2024	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain farmer President: Ellison Farm, Inc. General Partner: Ellison Farm Ltd. Partnership Other business affiliations: Director: AgriBank District Farm Credit Council, a trade association representing the AgriBank District Director: Farm Credit Council, a trade association representing the Farm Credit System Director: Farm Credit Council Services, Inc. (FCCS), an education and insurance company
Edward Hegland Board Service Began: 2012 Current Term Expires: 2025	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain farmer President: Hegland Farms of Appleton, Inc. Other business affiliations: Director: AgriBank District Farm Credit Council, a trade association representing the AgriBank District
Thomas Henry Board Service Began: 2010 Current Term Expires: 2024	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain farmer
James Jarvis Board Service Began: 2008 Current Term Expires: 2023	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain, timber, hay, and beef cow/calf farmer Manager of a seasonal vegetable plant distribution and sales operation Owner of a campground Other business affiliations: Board Member: Waushara County Human Services, a county department that provides human services to local residents Committee Member: Mount Morris Township Land Use Committee, a political subdivision
Karen Kerner Board Service Began: 2021 Current Term Expires: 2025	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain and livestock farmer
Michael Long Board Service Began: 1997 Current Term Expires: 2025	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain and livestock farmer
Greg Nelson Board Service Began: 2008 Current Term Expires: 2026	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain farmer
William Oemichen Appointed Outside Director Board Service Began: 2009 Current Term Expires: 2025	Principal occupation: Senior Research Fellow in Food Systems Security and Preparedness, University of Wisconsin-Madison (2018-present) Partner at Community and Co-operative Counsel, a law firm providing co-operative law and other legal services to Canadian co-operatives (2022-present) Other business affiliations: Treasurer: Group Health Cooperative of South Central Wisconsin, a health care insurance company Board of Trustees Chair: \$8.5 billion Wisconsin College Savings Program 529 Board Member: Slipstream, Inc., an energy conservation company Director: Farm Credit Council Services, Inc. (FCCS), an education and insurance company Board Member: U.S. Selective Service Board for Wisconsin, U.S. Government Agency Board Member/President: New Glarus Board of Education, K-12 primary education Board Member: Green County Leaders, leadership development Fellow: Canadian Centre for Study of Co-operatives, Co-op education Research Principal: University of Saskatchewan, national security research
Steven Perdue Board Service Began: 2009 Current Term Expires: 2026	Principal occupation: Self-employed grain farmer Other business affiliations: Director: AgriBank District Farm Credit Council, a trade association representing the AgriBank District Director: U.S. Durum Growers Association, promotes the production and marketing of durum wheat and semolina
Richard Price Board Service Began: 2022 Current Term Expires: 2026	Principal occupation: Self-employed dairy and crop farmer

Name	Principal occupation and other business affiliations
Curtis Trost	Principal occupation:
Board Service Began: 2020	Self-employed grain farmer
Current Term Expires: 2024	Other business affiliations:
	President: Curtis Trost Farming, Inc.
	Board Vice Chairperson: Serenity Suites Senior Living, an assisted living and memory care facility
Dala Zaharatha	Principal occupation:
Dale Zahradka	i ililoipai occupation.
Board Service Began: 2002	Self-employed grain farmer
Board Service Began: 2002	
Board Service Began: 2002 Current Term Expires: 2026	Self-employed grain farmer

Pursuant to our bylaws, directors are paid for attendance at board meetings, committee meetings, or other special assignments. Directors are also reimbursed for expenses incurred in connection with such meetings or assignments. In 2022, each director received an annual base retainer of \$48,000. In addition, the Board Chairperson received an additional \$10,800, the Vice Chairperson and the Audit Committee Chairperson received an additional \$7,800, the Human Resources and Compensation Committee Chairperson, Governance Committee Chairperson, and Risk Committee Chairperson received an additional \$4,800, each Audit Committee member, other than the Chairperson, received an additional \$1,800. Each member of the Risk Committee received an additional \$600 per day each time the Committee met. All retainer fees were paid monthly. All directors also received travel time compensation of \$0.75 per mile for regular meetings.

Information regarding compensation paid to each director who served during 2022 follows:

				Compensation			
	Numbe	er of Days Serve	<u></u>	Paid for			
		Other		Service on			Total
	Board	Official	On a	a Board		С	ompensation
Name	Meetings	Activities	Committee	Committee	Name of Committee	Ea	arned in 2022
Leif Aakre	8.75	10.25	3.75 \$	1,800	Audit	\$	52,122
Suzanne Allen	8.75	15.75	3.75	7,800	Audit		59,463
			2.00	1,200	Risk		
Bryan Ankenbauer	8.75	15.75	2.50	-	Governance		52,481
Justin Dagen	8.75	15.75	2.50	-	Governance		51,179
Kurt Elliott	8.25	23.50	3.75	1,800	Audit		51,479
Mark Ellison	8.75	28.00	2.00	1,200	Risk		56,642
			3.25	-	Compensation		
Edward Hegland	8.75	19.50	2.50	1,800	Audit		57,018
homas Henry	8.75	24.50	3.75	1,800	Audit		54,080
lames Jarvis	8.75	9.25	2.50	-	Governance		53,319
Karen Kerner	8.75	26.75	3.75	1,800	Audit		54,287
Michael Long	8.75	15.50	3.25	-	Compensation		50,242
Greg Nelson	8.75	10.75	3.25	-	Compensation		49,633
Villiam Oemichen	7.75	11.75	2.00	4,800	Risk		61,115
			3.25	-	Compensation		
Steven Perdue	8.75	10.50	3.25	-	Compensation		56,640
ynn Pietig	8.75	16.25	2.00	1,200	Risk		61,457
			2.50	-	Governance		
Richard Price*	2.50	9.25	1.50	-	Compensation		13,094
Greg Sabolik	8.75	22.75	2.50	-	Governance		62,540
Curtis Trost	8.75	22.00	3.75	1,800	Audit		52,076
/lary Kay Van Der Geest**	6.25	15.50	3.25	-	Compensation		34,064
Dale Zahradka	7.75	16.25	2.50	4,800	Governance		57,755
			2.00	1,200	Risk		
Michael Zenker	8.75	14.25	3.25	4,800	Compensation		54,033
						\$	1,094,719

<sup>\*</sup>Elected to the board in 2022

<sup>\*\*</sup>No longer on the Board at December 31, 2022

#### **Senior Officers**

Name and Position	Business experience and other business affiliations				
Marcus L. Knisely President and Chief Executive Officer	Business experience: President and Chief Executive Officer since 1998 Other business affiliations: Board member of Farm Credit Financial Partners, Inc., a related entity discussed on page 10				
Rebecca A. Thibert Chief Financial Officer	Business experience: Chief Financial Officer from October 2020 to present Chief Technology Officer and Acting CFO from June 2020 to September 2020 EVP Strategic Technology from July 2017 to June 2020				
Kim Zeltinger Chief Credit Officer	Business experience: Chief Credit Officer from August 2018 to present Chief Credit Officer-Elect from June 2018 to July 2018 SVP of Credit from July 2017 to May 2018				
Jeffrey A. Schmidt Chief Risk Officer	Business experience: Chief Risk Officer from August 2018 to present SVP Credit from July 2017 to July 2018				
Randy Aberle EVP Agribusiness and Capital Markets	Business experience: EVP Agribusiness and Capital Markets from November 2011 to present Other business affiliations: Board Chairperson for ProPartners Financial, a related alliance discussed on page 9				
Jessica Fyre Chief Operations Officer and General Counsel	Business experience: Chief Operations Officer and General Counsel from October 2020 to present EVP General Counsel from July 2013 to September 2020 Other business affiliations: Board Vice Chair of Farm Credit Financial Partners, Inc., a related entity discussed on page 10				
Howard Olson SVP Government and Public Affairs	Business experience:  SVP Government and Public Affairs from January 2020 to present  SVP Insurance and Communications from August 2016 to December 2019  Other business affiliations:  Past-President of Midwest Council on Agriculture, an organization which advocates for strong agriculture and economic policy  Board member of Minnesota AgriGrowth Council, a non-profit organization representing the agriculture and food systems industry				
<b>Jeni Strand</b> EVP Human Resources	Business experience: EVP Human Resources from July 2017 to present Other business affiliations: Member of Rural Leadership North Dakota Council, a program to strengthen leadership skills				
Troy Andreasen Chief Marketplace Officer	Business experience: Chief Marketplace Officer from January 2022 to present Regional President from September 2018 to December 2021 Senior Vice President Producer Marketing from June 2015 to September 2018				
Gordon Hanson Chief Strategy Officer	·				

#### **Senior Officer Compensation**

Compensation Risk Management: We believe the design and governance of our CEO and senior officer compensation program is consistent with and promotes the accomplishment of our key business objective of ensuring sound risk management for the benefit of our shareholders. The philosophy underlying our program is to provide a total compensation package that attracts and retains highly qualified senior officers who are incented to ensure a safe, sound, and dependable source of credit and financial services for agriculture and rural America. The Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors has established a compensation program that focuses on achieving both annual and long-term business results that are consistent with the best interests of our shareholders. The design of our senior officer compensation program supports our goals through a set of checks and balances, including (1) a balanced mix of base and variable pay, (2) a balanced mix of short-term and long-term incentives, (3) a balanced use of financial, credit, and marketplace performance measures that are risk-adjusted where appropriate, and (4) individual pay awards based on results. The program is further designed to (1) reward successful business year results through annual short-term incentives, (2) foster the advancement of strategic business plans and goals and long-term financial growth and stability through the long-term incentives; and (3) contribute to the retention of the CEO and senior officers.

Elements of Compensation: The CEO and senior officers are compensated with salary and variable pay in the form of direct cash, short-term incentives, long-term incentives, and retirement plans generally available to all eligible employees. Our Board of Directors, through the Human Resources and Compensation Committee, determines the appropriate balance of base salary, short-term incentives, and long-term incentives, which are intended to be competitive.

Base Salary: The CEO and senior officer base salaries reflect the market, individual performance results, officer's experience, and level of responsibility. Association performance relative to objectives established in the annual business plan is reflected in base salary adjustments, consistent with the responsibility of each position. The CEO and each senior officer are compensated consistent with achievement of individual and Association key business objectives. The base salary for the CEO is approved by our Board of Directors and the base salaries for other senior officers are approved by the CEO subject to the terms of the compensation program approved by the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Salaries are also subject to adjustment based on changes in responsibilities and/or competitive market conditions.

Long-term Incentives: Certain senior officers, including the CEO, are eligible to receive long-term incentive compensation through a Long-term Incentive Plan. The Long-term Incentive Plan defers payment of compensation during a three-year plan cycle. The payout of the long-term incentive award occurs at the end of the three-year plan cycle and is conditioned upon successful performance of the participant(s) and the Association exceeding the threshold of plan performance metrics. The performance metrics align with long-term performance objectives and goals and are established by the AgCountry Board Human Resources and Compensation Committee and approved by the Board of Directors. Plan participation is contingent on signing a non-solicitation and non-disclosure agreement.

Short-term Incentives: The CEO and senior officer incentives are paid annually based on performance criteria established by our Board of Directors. The criteria related to the overall Association performance provides a balanced approach that includes: pre-tax net income, efficiency ratio, credit administration rating, and marketplace measured by average daily balance change for loans. Additionally, criteria related to personal performance include attainment of personal objectives and individual performance ratings. The CEO and senior officer short-term incentive is based 70% on the overall Association performance and 30% on individual performance measures. The Board of Directors establishes the CEO's individual performance measures and ratings. The CEO establishes senior officer performance measures and ratings. Incentives are calculated after the end of the plan year (the plan year is the calendar year) and are paid within 90 days of year end. In addition, any employee who achieves performance levels above and beyond the criteria in the short-term incentive plan may be awarded an additional bonus as approved by their supervisor, the EVP Human Resources, and the CEO, or by the Board of Directors if the bonus is for the CEO.

**Retirement Plans:** We have various post-employment benefit plans, which are generally available to all Association employees, including the CEO and senior officers, based on dates of service to the Association and are not otherwise differentiated by position, unless specifically stated. Information regarding the post-employment benefit plans is included in Notes 2 and 8 of this Annual Report.

Other Components of Compensation: Additionally, compensation associated with the company vehicle program, group term life insurance premiums, disability insurance premiums, years of service awards for retirees, or other taxable reimbursements may be made available to the CEO and senior officers based on job criteria or similar plans available to all employees.

## Compensation to the CEO and Senior Officers

(in thousands) Name	Year	Salarv	Variable Pay	Deferred/ Perguisites*	Long-Term Incentive	Other	Total
Name	i eai	Salary	variable ray	reiquisites	IIICEIIIIVE	Other	Total
Marcus L. Knisely, President and CEO	2022	\$ 760	\$ 456	\$ 12	\$ 346	\$ 315 \$	1,889
Marcus L. Knisely, President and CEO	2021	715	425	12	333	616	2,101
Marcus L. Knisely, President and CEO	2020	676	406	12	214	1,432	2,740
Aggregate Number of Senior Officers, excludi	ing CEO						
Nine**	2022	\$ 2,659	\$ 960	\$ 121	\$ 617	\$ (564) \$	3,793
Eight	2021	2,176	1,026	25	556	937	4,720
Nine***	2020	2,126	932	20	362	3,260	6,700

<sup>\*</sup>Includes amounts related to relocation expense for two Senior Officers in 2022.

The Farm Credit Administration (FCA) Regulations require the disclosure of the total compensation paid during the last fiscal year to all senior officers included in the above table be available and disclosed to our members upon request.

The amount in the "Other" category in the preceding table primarily includes:

- Employer match on defined contribution plans available to all employees.
- Changes in the value of pension benefits. The change in value of the pension benefits is defined as the change in the vested portion of the present value of the accumulated benefit obligation from December 31 of the prior year to December 31 of the most recent year for the District-wide Pension Plan and the Pension Restoration Plan, as applicable, as disclosed in Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report. This change in value does not represent cash payments made by the Association during the year, but rather is an estimate of the change in the Association's future obligations under the pension plans. The change in the value of the pension benefits is highly sensitive to discount rates used to value the plan liabilities to participants.
- Amounts related to retention and a one-time payout of unused vacation hours in 2020.

No tax reimbursements are made to the CEO and senior officers.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes two Senior Officers who joined the executive leadership team in 2022. One is a new position and the other is a replacement role.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes one Senior Officer who resigned in June 2020.

Generally, pension benefits increase annually as a result of an additional year of credited service and related compensation for plan participants. The value of the pension benefits can also be significantly impacted by changes in interest rates as of the measurement date.

#### Pension Benefits Attributable to the CEO and Senior Officers

(dollars in thousands)			Present Value	Payments
2022		Years of	of Accumulated	Made During the
Name	Plan	Credited Service	Benefits	Reporting Period
Marcus L. Knisely, President and CEO	AgriBank District Retirement Plan	44.6	\$ 3,054	\$
	AgriBank District Pension Restoration Plan	44.6	5,594	
Aggregate Number of Senior Officers, exclu-	ding CEO			
Five	AgriBank District Retirement Plan	33.0	\$ 8,771	\$
Three	AgriBank District Pension Restoration Plan	36.1	1,326	

The change in composition of the aggregate senior officers can have a significant impact on the calculation of the accumulated pension benefits.

Effective January 1, 2007, the AgriBank District Retirement Plan was closed to new employees. Therefore, any employee starting employment with the AgriBank District after that date is not eligible to be in the plan.

The AgriBank District Pension Restoration Plan restores retirement benefits to certain eligible highly compensated employees that would have been provided under the qualified plan if such benefits were not above certain Internal Revenue Code limits.

#### **Transactions with Senior Officers and Directors**

Information regarding related party transactions is included in Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report.

#### Travel, Subsistence, and Other Related Expenses

Directors and senior officers are reimbursed for reasonable travel, subsistence, and other related expenses associated with business functions. A copy of our policy for reimbursing these costs is available by contacting us at:

Post Office Box 6020 Fargo, ND 58108-6020 (855) 402-7849 www.agcountry.com

The total directors' travel, subsistence, and other related expenses were \$0.4 million, \$0.2 million, and \$0.2 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

#### **Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings**

No events occurred during the past five years that are material to evaluating the ability or integrity of any person who served as a director or senior officer on January 1, 2023, or at any time during 2022.

# **Member Privacy**

The FCA Regulations protect members' nonpublic personal financial information. Our directors and employees are restricted from disclosing information about our Association or our members not normally contained in published reports or press releases.

#### **Relationship with Qualified Public Accountant**

There were no changes in the independent auditors since the last Annual Report to members and we are in agreement with the opinion expressed by the independent auditors. The total financial statement audit fees paid during 2022 were \$245 thousand. Our engagement letter commits to reimbursing the external auditor for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses as incurred for travel. In addition, we incurred \$8 thousand for tax services and \$10 thousand for non-audit services related to transfer pricing services which was pre-approved by the Audit Committee. We also incurred \$125 thousand for work related to our implementation of new accounting guidance, which was pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

#### **Financial Statements**

The Report of Management, Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, Report of Audit Committee, Report of Independent Auditors, Consolidated Financial Statements, and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are presented prior to this portion of the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report.

## Our Commitment to Serve Young, Beginning, and Small Farmers and Ranchers

Information regarding credit and services to young, beginning, and small farmers and ranchers, and producers or harvesters of aquatic products is included in an addendum to this Annual Report.

# Our Commitment to Serve Young, Beginning and Small Farmers

(Unaudited)

Serving our young, beginning and small farmer (YBSF/YBF) customers is a priority at AgCountry.

# Young, Beginning and Small Farmers Defined

- Young Farmer: A farmer or rancher who is 35 years of age or less as of the loan transaction date.
- **Beginning Farmer**: A farmer or rancher who has 10 years or less of farming or ranching experience as of the loan transaction date.
- **Small Farmer:** A farmer or rancher who normally generates less than \$250,000 in annual gross sales of agricultural products.

# Our Mission for Serving Young, Beginning and Small Farmers

Our mission is to serve agriculture and rural America.

- For young, beginning farmers, this means: We support the successful entry of young and beginning farmers into production agriculture through specialized credit underwriting, educational/informational programs and other activities.
- For small farmers, this means: We provide convenient, easy and cost-effective access to our products and services at competitive prices.

# **Our Objectives for Serving Young, Beginning Farmers**

- 1. To identify individuals with the personal management skills and drive to build a full-scale, full-time operation.
- 2. To apply alternative credit standards to the young, beginning farmer market segment, invest the specialized skills of our staff in serving this segment and provide subsidies for interest rates and financial services.
- 3. To closely monitor the business transition plans of our young, beginning farmers with growing and larger operations to ensure that from a customer value, service and monitoring standpoint, we are positioned with the next generation of owner/operators.

# **Our Progress in Achieving These Objectives**

AgCountry markets to young and beginning farmer prospects. We monitor the farm business transition plans of customers and prospects, including offering succession and retirement planning consulting. Customer information for underwriting is streamlined and often relies on credit scoring tools. Our young and beginning credit underwriting allows exceptions to established underwriting standards, provides for defined interest rate pricing exceptions and subsidies on eligible financial services. Scholarships and numerous educational opportunities are also provided.

# **Our Objectives for Serving Small Farmers**

- 1. To establish small farmer delivery and processing systems that are streamlined and efficient using technology and branch offices to achieve cost-effective access and competitive prices.
- 2. To pursue decision-making methodology that streamlines the credit process, along with processes that maximize disbursement and payment alternatives (such as revolving loans, scorecards, online loan applications, purchase or debit cards and online banking).
- 3. To identify customers within the small farmer segment that have the capacity and the goal to become a larger farm operation and provide them with more loan officer and financial services interaction that brings us closer to the people-intensive portion of our value proposition provided for larger, full-scale farm operations.

# **Our Progress in Achieving These Objectives**

AgCountry has 45 offices to serve this segment as well as access through dealer retail financing. Customer information for underwriting is streamlined and often relies on credit scoring tools. All financial services are made available and we provide additional support to those units with a business expansion strategy.

# Quantitative Goals and Status [Annual, Three-Year and Actual]

Goal: 25% of producer loan customers will be coded young or beginning.

Status: Annual: 25%Three-Year: 25%Actual: 22.2%

Goal: 25% of all producer relationships will be young or beginning.

Status: Annual: 25%Three-Year: 25%Actual: 40.9%

**Goal**: YBSF volume will remain above 35% of ongoing producer credit branch operations volume.

Status: Annual: 35%Three-Year: 35%Actual: 33.4%

Goal: Educational/informational opportunities provided to YBFs annually.

Status: Annual: 350Three-Year: 900Actual: 606

**Goal**: The YBF portfolio will be maintained at or above 85% acceptable credit quality. The small farmer portfolio will be maintained at or above 94% acceptable credit quality.

Status: Annual: 85% and 94%Three-Year: 85% and 94%

- Actual: Young and Beginning: 99.3% | Small: 99.5%

Goal: 25% of our new loan volume will go to YBFs annually.

Status: Annual: 25%Three-Year: 25%Actual: 29.3%

**Goal**: Small farmer customer numbers will be greater than 50% of all producer loan and lease relationships.

Status: Annual: 50%Three-Year: 50%Actual: 43.1%

# **Qualitative Goals and Status**

Goal: The capacity to use Farm Services Agency (FSA) and state programs will be maintained as a tool for a YBF operator.

- Status:
  - FSA assisted in providing 17 YBF with new loans.

**Goal**: Succession and retirement/transition planning consultative services will be provided to young and beginning farmers.

• Status: These services were provided to 168 YBF.

**Goal**: AgCountry's full spectrum of financial services will be made available to young and beginning farmers.

Status:

Services	Number Served			
Tax	758			
Farm Accounting	266			
Succession & Retirement	168			
Crop Insurance	773			

**Goal**: Educational and informational opportunities will be provided to young and beginning farmers.

- **Status**: The following educational and informational opportunities were provided to young and beginning farmers in 2022:
  - Marketing education workshop (in-person and virtual) was held in January:
    - YBF registered: 55
  - Two AgCountry Young Farmer Advisory Committees, comprised of 22 YBF families, met semi-annually.
     The committees provide feedback for the Association, receive updates from our Directors and staff, and network with their peers:
    - Central Region: 11 YBF families
    - Southern Region: 11 YBF familes
  - YBF breakfast at the International Crop Expo:
    - YBF registered: 76
  - Resources targeted to YBF were shared via social media throughout the year.
  - Podcasts produced by AgCountry are made available to YBF as resources.

**Goal**: Customer feedback meetings will be held periodically with select groups of young and beginning or small farmers.

• Status: AgCountry hosted five customer feedback meetings across the Association in 2022.

**Goal**: Financial and in-kind support will be provided to programs that foster the development of young farmers, such as 4-H and FFA.

# Status:

- More than \$265,000 was donated to such programs, including 4-H, FFA, farm management/leadership programs, farm safety camps, and educational seminars offered through county Extension Service offices.
- \$250,000 was donated to the Farming for the Future Foundation in Wisconsin. It will be used in the Food + Farming Exploration Center.
- AgCountry annually supports scholarships for The Executive Program for Agricultural Producers (TEPAP) at Texas A&M University. Due to the pandemic, TEPAP was canceled for 2022.
- \$42,000 in scholarships were awarded to 42 high school seniors pursuing careers in agriculture.
- \$21,000 in scholarships were awarded to 21 North Dakota State University (NDSU) and University of Minnesota Crookston (UMC) students in the Farm Credit Fellows program.
- \$10,000 in scholarships were awarded to 10 Upperclassmen in our Association Territory.
- A total of \$6,278 was paid out to students in 2022 as part of the Center for Risk and Trade Scholarship Endowment donation at NDSU.

**Goal**: Information about special exceptions to credit standards, special pricing options and other services available to young and beginning farmers will be distributed through branch offices, trade shows and focus group meetings and our website.

• Status: This continues to be accomplished.

Young, Beginning and Small Farmer Demographics in Our Service Area	Census 2020	AgCountry Producer Loan and Lease Portfolio			
35 years of age or less	8.67%	30.6%			
10 years or less of experience farming	20.71%	35.1%			
Farms less than \$250,000 Value Farm Sales	79.6%	43.1%			

## **Data Differences:**

- The age and farmer experience is as of the date of the ag census, while AgCountry compiled as of the date the loan was made.
- Small farmers is by farm entity from the ag census data, while AgCountry data is compiled as of the date of the loan and the total value of sales of closely related entities rather than individual entities.
- Of the farms reporting to the Census report, 31% of the farms had sales less than \$10,000.

# Safety and Soundness of the Program:

Goals are established for loan quality of these customer segments. The association is well above these goals at this time. The Starting Gate program, which is a subset of the young and beginning farmer program, also limits the size of individual transactions and an overall dollar amount available for this program because of the increased risk.

# AgCountry FCS OFFICE LOCATIONS

# **MINNESOTA**

Ada

218-784-7263 800-450-3063

Alexandria

320-763-3184 800-450-3184

Crookston

218-281-1416 800-689-9373

**Detroit Lakes** 

218-847-1645 800-224-1647

**Elbow Lake** 

218-685-5311 800-450-5311

**Fergus Falls** 

218-739-5221 800-757-5221

**Fosston** 

218-435-1686 877-635-2311

Graceville

320-748-7294 800-450-7294

Hallock

218-843-3627 877-284-2835

Litchfield

320-693-7953 800-450-7953

Madison

320-598-7505 800-450-7505

Marshall

507-532-5751 800-450-5751 Minneapolis

952-513-0326

Morris

320-589-3881 800-450-3881

Olivia

320-523-1216 800-450-1216

**Redwood Falls** 

507-637-8721 800-450-8721

Roseau

218-463-2766 888-290-2766

**Thief River Falls** 

218-681-2304 877-787-3339

Warren

218-745-5144 800-642-6346

Willmar

320-235-1771 800-450-1771

## **NORTH DAKOTA**

**Bottineau** 

701-228-3731 800-264-3731

Bowbells Crop Ins.

701-377-3703 855-283-9700

Carrington

701-652-2836 800-264-2836

Cavalier

701-265-8423 866-898-6221 Crosby

701-965-2265

**Devils Lake** 

701-662-5356 800-422-3670

Fargo

701-235-9858 800-450-9858

Fargo HQ

701-282-9494 800-450-8933

Grafton

701-352-1651 800-819-1651

**Grand Forks** 

701-775-3193 800-288-3982

Hillsboro

701-636-4842 800-450-4842

lamestown

701-252-5242 800-450-5242

LaMoure

701-883-5291 800-520-5291

Langdon

701-256-2553 877-623-9582

Lisbon

701-683-4172 800-450-4172

Minot

701-852-1265 800-264-1265

Rugby

701-776-5863 800-467-5863 Valley City

701-845-1751 800-900-1751

Wahpeton

701-642-8557 800-450-8557

Ward County Crop Ins.

701-852-5432 888-852-5432

Williston

701-774-0055 800-264-1095

## **WISCONSIN**

Marshfield

715-387-3765 800-324-5752

Medford

715-748-3270 800-324-5753

**Stevens Point** 

715-344-1000 800-324-5754

**Thorp** 

715-669-5911 800-324-5758

Wausau

715-842-4631 800-324-5751

AGCOUNTRY
ONLINE SERVICES

855-402-7849





AgCountry Farm Credit Services P.O. Box 6020 Fargo, ND 58108

